3 February 2026

Positive preliminary assessment of the satisfactory fulfilment of milestones and targets related to the fifth payment request submitted by Czechia on 24 November 2025, transmitted to the Economic and Financial Committee by the European Commission

Executive summary

In accordance with Article 24(2) of Regulation (EU) 2021/241, on 24 November 2025, Czechia submitted a request for payment for the seventh instalment of the non-repayable support. The payment request was accompanied by the required management declaration and summary of audits.

To support its payment request, Czechia provided due justification of the satisfactory fulfilment of the 29 milestones and targets of the seventh instalment of the non-repayable support, as set out in Section 2.1.7 of the Council Implementing Decision of 12 December 2025 amending the Council Implementing Decision of 8 September 2021 on the approval of the assessment of the recovery and resilience plan for Czechia[1].

For 12 targets covering a large number of beneficiaries, in addition to the summary documents and official listings provided by Czechia, Commission services have assessed a statistically significant sample of individual files. The sample size has been uniformly set at 60, which corresponds to a confidence level of 95% or above in all cases.

In its payment request, Czechia has confirmed that measures related to previously satisfactorily fulfilled milestones and targets have not been reversed. The Commission does not have evidence of the contrary. Upon receipt of the payment request, the Commission has assessed on a preliminary basis the satisfactory fulfilment of the relevant milestones and targets. Based on the information provided by Czechia, the Commission has made a positive preliminary assessment of the satisfactory fulfilment of all 29 milestones and targets.

The milestones and targets positively assessed as part of this payment request demonstrate significant steps in the implementation of Czechia's Recovery and Resilience Plan. They notably highlight the continuation of the reform momentum in key policy areas. This includes, among others, adopting legislation supporting affordable housing, benefitting hydrogen refuelling stations over conventional fuel stations, improving the regulatory framework for renewable hydrogen, and enabling the installation of agrophotovoltaics. The milestones and targets also confirm progress towards the completion of investment projects related to railway infrastructure, research and development in the environmental field, aid for purchase of zero-emission vehicles, energy efficiency renovations in residential buildings, and support to businesses for digital transformation.

By the transmission of this positive preliminary assessment and in accordance with Article 24(4) of Regulation (EU) 2021/241, the Commission asks for the opinion of the Economic and Financial Committee on the satisfactory fulfilment of the relevant milestones and targets.

[1] ST 11047/21 INIT; ST 11047/21 ADD 1; ST 11047/21 ADD 1 COR 1; ST 14663/24 INIT; ST 14663/24 ADD 1 REV 2; ST 10509/25 COR 1; ST 10509/25 ADD 1 REV 1; ST 15755 2025 ADD 1

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Non-repayable support

Number and name of the Milestone: 21 Projects upgrading core registries and facilities for eGovernment

Related Measure: C1.2.I2 Development of core registries and facilities for eGovernment

Qualitative Indicator: Acceptance protocols

Time: Q1 2025

1. Context:

The objective of this measure is to create or upgrade core registries and a Shared Service Information System that connects data from different information systems into an interconnected data pool. The investment consists in projects that include a new data centre and an eGovernment cloud for computing services and of technological infrastructure in the public administration.

The milestone concerns the development of core registries and the development of the public administration's technological infrastructure, including but not limited to enhancing network capacity and cybersecurity, upgrading the National Certification Authority, expanding data centres, upgrading key registries, improving the National Identity and Authentication Point, and developing interoperable systems and interfaces.

Milestone 21 is the second milestone of the investment, and it follows the completion of milestone 20. It will be followed by milestone 22, related to the delivery of ICT systems for the Zeleneč Data Centre.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the milestone (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	Annex 1 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 1: Capacity and security development of central point of Services (CMS)	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the Ministry of Interior of the Czech Republic and the contractor on 19 June 2025, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that technologies under the CMS project were delivered and are fully functional.
3	Annex 2 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 2: Modernisation and optimisation of the Multi-Protocol Label Switching (hereinafter referred to as: "MPLS")	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the Ministry of Interior of the Czech Republic and the contractor on 23 April 2025, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that technologies under the MPLS project were delivered and are fully functional.

	Communication and Information Infrastructure	
4	Annex 3 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 3: National Certification Authority (hereinafter referred to as: "NCA") - certifications to public administration entities	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the Czech Administration of basic registers (hereinafter referred to as: "SZR") and the contractor on 30 November 2022, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that the technologies under the NCA project were delivered and are fully functional.
5	Annex 4 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 3: NCA – replacement of insecure components	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the SZR and the contractor on 31 July 2023, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that the technologies under the replacement project were delivered and are fully functional.
6	Annex 5 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work Project 4: Increasing the capacity of data centres and data storage products - hardware (HW)	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the Ministry of Interior of the Czech Republic and the contractor on 29 August 2025, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that technologies under the HW project were delivered and are fully functional.
7	Annex 6 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 4: Increasing the capacity of data centres and data storage products - software (SW)	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the Ministry of Interior of the Czech Republic and the contractor on 12 January 2024, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that technologies under the SW project were delivered and are fully functional.
8	Annex 7 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 5: Infrastructure of the reference interface of shared data (first batch of licenses)	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the Digital and Information Agency (hereinafter referred to as: "DIA") of the Czech Republic and the contractor on 7 July 2025, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that licenses necessary were purchased and technologies implemented.
9	Annex 8 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 5: Infrastructure of the reference interface of shared data (second batch of licences)	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the DIA of the Czech Republic and the contractor on 1 July 2025, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that licenses necessary were purchased and technologies implemented.
10	Annex 9 – Acceptance protocol for the	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the Czech Statistical Office

	completion of work on Project 6: Upgrade and improvement of Registry of Individuals (hereinafter referred to as: "ROS") (contacting via email of SMS)	(hereinafter referred to as: "ČSÚ") and the contractor on 21 February 2022, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that the functionalities are deployed and fully functional.
11	Annex 10 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 6: Upgrade and improvement of ROS (delivery address of individuals listed in the ROS through web services)	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the ČSÚ and the contractor on 11 October 2022, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that the functionalities are deployed and fully functional.
12	Annex 11 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 6: Upgrade and improvement of ROS (analytical module and Open Data in the ROS)	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the ČSÚ and the contractor on 11 January 2024, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that the functionalities are deployed and fully functional.
13	Annex 12 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 6: Upgrade and improvement of ROS (non-stop operations in accordance with the strategic objectives of eGovernment development, the development of the ROS, and the strategy of the ČSÚ)	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the ČSÚ and the contractor on 30 November 2023, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that the functionalities are deployed and fully functional.
14	Annex 13 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 6: Upgrade and improvement of ROS (implementation of ergonomics and other changes)	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the ČSÚ and the contractor on 24 April 2023, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that the functionalities are deployed and fully functional.
15	Annex 14 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 6: Upgrade and	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the ČSÚ and the contractor on 24 April 2023, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that changes to align with

	improvement of ROS (legislative changes)	legislation were made and functionalities are fully functional.
16	Annex 15 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 6: Upgrade and improvement of ROS (accommodation of changes in the output of the RÚIAN exchange format (VFR) and RÚIAN web services)	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the ČSÚ and the contractor on 14 August 2023, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that changes were made and functionalities are fully functional.
17	Annex 16 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 7: Upgrade and improvement of Population Registry (hereinafter referred to as: "ROB")	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the Digital and Information Agency (DIA) of the Czech Republic and the contractor on 16 June 2025, in accordance with national legislation, confirming the development of the ROB.
18	Annex 17 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 8: Upgrade and improvement of Registry of Territorial Identifications, Addresses and Real Estate (hereinafter referred to as: "RÚIAN") (develop and maintain RÚIAN, the information system for Territorial Identification, and the IS for Public Remote Access from 2020 to 2023)	The acceptance protocol for the development and maintenance RÚIAN, the information system for Territorial Identification, and the IS for Public Remote Access from 2020 to 2023 signed by signed by the Czech Office for Surveying, Mapping and Cadastre (hereinafter referred to as: "ČÚZK") and the contractor on 30 November 2023, in accordance with national legislation, confirming the upgrade of the systems.
19	Annex 18 – Acceptance protocol for the recognition of mistakes in Project 8: Upgrade and improvement of RÚIAN (develop and maintain RÚIAN, the information system for Territorial Identification, and the IS for Public Remote Access from 2020 to 2023)	The acceptance protocol for the recognition of mistakes in the upgrade of RÚIAN signed by "ČÚZK" and the contractor on 30 January 2023, in accordance with national legislation, confirming the upgrade of the systems and their full functionality.

20	Annex 19 – Annex to the acceptance protocol for the completion of work on removing mistakes in Project 8: Upgrade and improvement of RÚIAN (develop and maintain RÚIAN, the information system for Territorial Identification, and the IS for Public Remote Access from 2020 to 2023)	The annex to the acceptance protocol confirming the removal of mistakes recognised in the upgrade of RÚIAN, signed by the contractor on 21 July 2025, in accordance with national legislation.
21	Annex 20 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 9: Related development and improvement of Integrated system of core registries (hereinafter referred to as: "ISZR") and Shared Service Information System (hereinafter referred to as: "ISSS")	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the DIA of the Czech Republic and the contractor on 11 July 2025, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that new versions of the ISZR and ISSS were developed and are fully functional.
22	Annex 21 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 9: Related development and improvement of ISZR and ISSS (changes to data maintained in public administration information systems about the data subject, linked to the Register of ROB and ROS, including notifications of changes to data maintained in these registers)	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the DIA of the Czech Republic and the contractor on 11 July 2025, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that the new system for notifying changes to data maintained in public administration information systems about the data subject, linked to the Register of ROB and the ROS, including notifications of changes to data maintained in these registers were delivered and the systems are fully functional.
23	Annex 22 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 9: Related development and improvement of ISZR and	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the DIA of the Czech Republic and the contractor on 11 July 2025, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that the new system for cross-border

	ISSS (new system for cross-border automated data exchange)	automated data exchange was delivered and is fully functional.
24	Annex 23 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 10: Improvement of National Identity and Authentication Point (hereinafter referred to as: "NIA")	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the DIA of the Czech Republic and the contractor on 31 March 2025, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that the National Point for Identification and Authentication was upgraded and is fully functional.
25	Annex 24 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 11: Development of a consolidated interface for core registries, including an upgrade and improvement of Registry of Rights and Obligations, and RAZR information system (core registries)	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the DIA of the Czech Republic and the contractor on 11 July 2025, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that the infrastructure of core registries was modernised and is fully functional.
26	Annex 25 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 11: Development of a consolidated interface for core registries, including an upgrade and improvement of Registry ROB	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the DIA of the Czech Republic and the contractor on 14 July 2025, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that the reference interface for the ROB was built and is fully functional.
27	Annex 26 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 11: Development of a consolidated interface for core registries, including an upgrade and improvement of Registry of Rights and Obligations, and RAZR information system (modernised RPP infrastructure)	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the DIA of the Czech Republic and the contractor on 11 July 2025, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that the reference interface for the RPP was built and is fully functional.
28	Annex 27 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 11: Development	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the DIA of the Czech Republic and the contractor on 11 July 2025, in accordance with national legislation, confirming

	of a consolidated interface for core registries, including an upgrade and improvement of Registry of Rights and Obligations, and RAZR information system (migration of ISSS)	that the reference interface for the core registries system was built and is fully functional.
29	Annex 28 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 11: Development of a consolidated interface for core registries, including an upgrade and improvement of Registry of Rights and Obligations, and RAZR information system (RAZR system)	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the DIA of the Czech Republic and the contractor on 13 July 2025, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that the modification of the application services of the RAZR system was delivered and the services are fully functional.
30	Annex 29 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 11: Development of a consolidated interface for core registries, including an upgrade and improvement of Registry of Rights and Obligations, and RAZR information system (RPP implementation)	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the DIA of the Czech Republic and the contractor on 11 July 2025, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that the modification of the application services of the RPP was delivered and the services are fully functional.
31	Annex 30 – Acceptance protocol for the completion of work on Project 11: Development of a consolidated interface for core registries, including an upgrade and improvement of Registry of Rights and Obligations, and RAZR information system (Service Desk tool)	The acceptance protocol of the completion of work signed by the DIA of the Czech Republic and the contractor on 11 July 2025, in accordance with national legislation, confirming that the modification of the application services of the SZR ServiceDesk was delivered and the services are fully functional.

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the milestone.

Acceptance protocols issued by the contracting authorities for at least 10 projects upgrading core registries and facilities for eGovernment. Supported activities may include but are not limited to enhancing network capacity and cybersecurity, upgrading the National Certification Authority, expanding data centres and storage, upgrading key registries, improving the National Identity and Authentication Point, and developing interoperable systems and interfaces. Furthermore, in line with the description of the measure, **this measure consists of […] projects upgrading core registries and facilities for eGovernment, which may include but are not limited to enhancing network capacity and cybersecurity, upgrading the National Certification Authority, expanding data centres and storage, upgrading key registries, improving the National Identity and Authentication Point, and developing interoperable systems and interfaces.**

In its submission, Czechia included acceptance protocols and other evidence for eleven separate projects covering development of core registries and the development of the public administration's technological infrastructure, including an increase in its transmission capacity and the implementation of new customer services and high transmission capacity-intensive services. All the acceptance protocols were issued by the relevant contracting authority.

Here is a more detailed overview of each project and handover protocols:

- 1st project: Annex 1 demonstrates that delivery of capacity and security development of the Central Point of Services (hereinafter referred to as: "CAS") was integrated new technologies to enhance service management and monitoring capabilities, ensuring compliance with operational and cybersecurity standards.
- 2nd project: Verified by Annex 2, delivering the modernization of the Multi-Protocol Label Switching (hereinafter referred to as: "MPLS") infrastructure provided advanced cybersecurity measures and improved transmission speed and resilience, safeguarding critical infrastructure against outages and cyber threats.
- 3rd project: The upgrade of the National Certification Authority (hereinafter referred to as: "NCA") is confirmed by Annex 3 and Annex 4. The upgraded NCA provides certificate services to government entities and replaces outdated infrastructure.
- 4th project: As verified by Annex 5 and Annex 6, Czechia delivered projects focused on increasing the capacity of data centres and data storage products. These efforts modernized the communication infrastructure, directly influencing the capacity and efficiency of data centres, crucial for handling increased data volumes.
- 5th project: The infrastructure of the reference interface of shared data was secured by the delivery of the project to purchase licenses, as validated by Annexes 7 and 8, enabling full utilization of hardware and software elements. This ensured sufficient performance and security, essential for effective data management.
- 6th project: The Registry of Individuals (hereinafter referred to as: "ROS") was significantly improved, with enhancements verified by Annexes 9 through 15. These upgrades increased the data range, developed analytical modules, and enhanced interfaces, facilitating better data sharing and user interaction.
- 7th project: Similarly, the Population Registry (hereinafter referred to as: "ROB") was upgraded, aligning with new legal requirements and enhancing identification and authentication processes, as confirmed by Annex 16. The recognition of undetermined gender within ROB reflects Czechia's commitment to inclusivity and compliance with international recommendations.
- 8th project: The Registry of Territorial Identifications, Addresses, and Real Estate (hereinafter referred to as: "RÚIAN") saw technical and design improvements, supported by Annexes 17

through 19. These upgrades facilitated user access and improved editorial capabilities, enhancing the overall functionality of RÚIAN.

- 9th project: Czechia also focused on the development of the Integrated System of Core Registries and Shared Service Information System, verified by Annexes 20 through 22. This development enhanced data exchange capabilities and security, ensuring efficient management and sharing of information across public administration bodies.
- 10th project: The National Identity and Authentication Point was improved, focusing on legislative requirements, operational needs, user comfort, and cybersecurity, as documented in Annex 23. These improvements ensure seamless user experiences and robust security measures.
- 11th project: Finally, the development of a consolidated interface for core registries, confirmed by Annexes 24 through 30, modernized infrastructure and improved connectivity and functionality, facilitating enhanced data exchange and system interoperability.

In conclusion, Czechia's systematic approach to these projects, verified by the specified annexes, illustrates its comprehensive fulfilment of the requirement, significantly advancing eGovernment infrastructure and service delivery.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled.

Number and name of the milestone: 35 Network quality measurements

Related Measure: C1.3.R1 Improving the environment for the deployment of electronic communications networks

Qualitative Indicator: Measurements results available online

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of this measure is to make information available on physical infrastructure and civil engineering works on electronic communications. This measure consists of the entry into force of necessary legislation to establish databases of investment projects, of the digitisation of basic spatial situation, transportation and technical infrastructure networks, and of network quality measurements.

The objective of the milestone is to publish online results of network quality measurements for all 76 districts and Prague.

Milestone 35 is the second milestone of the reform, and it follows the completion of milestone 32 related to legislative changes mandating the creation of a database of investment project plans. It will be followed by milestone 33, related to the acquisition of data for technical maps.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the milestone (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled
2	Annex I -protocols of the measurements of network quality	Summary list and protocols of mobile network coverage measurement results for the main service providers provided by the Czech telecommunication Office (24 November 2025)
3	Annex II – Call for applications	Call for applications to complete the measurement of the quality of electronic communications, published by the Ministry of Industry and Trade (15 August 2022)
4	Annex III – contracts for the purchase of measurement tools	Individual contracts of measurement tools, software and ancillary services between the Czech Telecommunication Office and contractors (2023, various dates)
5	Annex IV– report of the on-the-spot check conducted by the European Commission	Report of the meeting between Ministry of Industry and Trade, Czech Telecommunication Office and European

		Commission On 11 December 2025, 13:00 Virtual meeting [WEBEX]
6	Annex V – Link to the online portal	Hyperlink of the online portal: https://vportal.ctu.gov.cz/intro (accessed on 25 November 2025)
7	Annex VI – Legal act	Legal act awarding the implementation of the project to the Czech Telecommunication Office, dated 9 October 2023

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the target.

Results of network quality measurements in all 76 districts and Prague are made available online. Furthermore, in line with the description of the measure, **this measure consists […] of network quality measurements.**

In order to obtain the results for the quality measurement of communication networks in 76 districts of Czechia and in Prague, Czechia opened a call for applications (Annex II) that was awarded to the Czech Telecommunication Office (hereinafter referred to as: "CTO") (Annex VI). The objective of this call was to obtain better information on the availability and quality of 5G networks and very high capacity networks (hereinafter referred to as: "VHCNs") providing services at a fixed location, and to complete the measurement of the quality of electronic communications networks in all 76 counties of the Czech Republic and in the capital and to implement the results of these measurements in an appropriate form of data presentation through a visualisation tool (Annex II, points 1.1 and 2). To achieve this objective, the CTO has procured network quality measurement tools (Article 1 of individual contracts in Annex III).

The Commission services conducted an on-the-spot check on 11 December 2025 to verify that the Czech Telecommunication Office has obtained new data measuring the quality of networks for all 76 districts and Prague and that these results were published and visualised in an online tool (Annex IV). This check was completed successfully, confirming that new measurement data was procured both for mobile and fixed networks concerning all 76 districts and Prague. This data includes, amongst others, the service coverage by the main providers, the technology type or the generation and bandwidth of the networks and the speed of download and upload on these networks. The data was obtained between 2023 and 2025 and is visualised on an online portal (Annex V). This is further corroborated by the measurement protocols detailing the measurement data and date of individual measurements (Annex I).

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: satisfactorily fulfilled

Number and name of the Milestone: 37 Publication of guidelines on the roll-out of 5G networks

Related Measure: C1.3.R2 Supporting the development of the 5G ecosystem

Qualitative Indicator: Publication of the guidelines

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of this measure is to draw up the strategic framework for infrastructure sharing for 5G networks. This measure consists of publications of studies addressing key issues in 5G roll-out and of the publication of guidelines aimed at the facilitation of 5G network sharing and roll-out.

The milestone concerns the publication of guidelines on the roll-out of 5G networks.

Milestone 37 is the second and last milestone of the reform, and it follows the completion of target 36, related to publications of studies addressing key issues of 5G deployment.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the milestone (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	Annex I - Summary study on the development of the 5G ecosystem	Summary study on the development of the 5G ecosystem and Very High-Capacity Networks (hereinafter referred to as: "VHCN") as published on the website of the Ministry of Industry and Trade on 24 September 2025: https://mpo.gov.cz/cz/e-komunikace-a-posta/studie-k-narodnimu-planu-obnovy/pokyny-ke-sdileni-komunikacni-infrastruktury--289610/
3	Annex II – Guidelines to facilitate the deployment of 5G networks	Guidelines on sharing passive and active infrastructure to facilitate deployment of 5G networks as published by the Ministry of Industry and Trade on 24 September 2025: https://mpo.gov.cz/cz/e-komunikace-a-posta/studie-k-narodnimu-planu-obnovy/pokyny-ke-sdileni-komunikacni-infrastruktury--289610/

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the milestone.

Guidelines on roll-out of 5G networks shall be published. Furthermore, in line with description of measure, **this measure consists of publications of studies addressing key issues in 5G roll-out and of the publication of guidelines aimed at the facilitation of 5G network sharing and roll-out.**

As demonstrated by the evidence provided by Czechia, the guidelines on sharing passive and active infrastructure to facilitate deployment of 5G networks was published on the website of the Ministry of Industry and Trade on 24 September 2025 (Annex II). The objective of the guidelines is to provide guidance on the applicable legislation and procedures and on the preparation for establishing electronic communication networks with a view to accessing passive and active communication infrastructure for the deployment of 5G networks. The guidelines are addressed to applicants aiming to establish such communication networks and to obliged entities who may be required to provide access to their infrastructure or network (Annex II, pages 3-4). The guidelines are corroborated and complemented by the underlying summary study on the development of the 5G ecosystem and Very High-Capacity Networks (VHCN), that was also published on the website of the Ministry of Industry and Trade on 24 September 2025 (Annex I). The Commission services accessed the link provided by the authorities on 2 December 2025 to verify that the guidelines and the supporting study was published. This check was completed successfully, confirming that those are available and accessible online.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled

Number and name of the Target: 69 Disbursement of funds to the European Digital Innovation Hubs

Related Measure: C1.5.I1 European Digital Innovation Hubs

Quantitative Indicator: EUR

Baseline: 0

Target: 8.4

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of this measure is to support the digital transformation of businesses and public administration. This measure consists of grant support to European Digital Innovation Hubs. Co-funding from the Digital Europe Programme is foreseen

The target requires EUR 8.4 million to be provided to the European Digital Innovation Hubs in support to their activities aiming at the digitalisation of businesses or of public entities. Any amounts provided by other Union programmes or instruments shall not be counted towards this amount.

Target 69 is the only target of this investment, related to the support provided to European Digital Innovation Hubs.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the target (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	Annex I - Call for applications for grant support for Digital Innovation Hubs	Call for application for grant support for the Digital Innovation Hubs as published by the Ministry of Industry and Trade on 22 December 2022.
3	Annex II – Grant decisions for RRF support for Digital Innovation Hubs	Grant decisions issued by the Ministry of Industry and Trade to six Digital Innovation Hubs as published on website of the government (various dates).
4	Annex III – Proof of payments	Transaction records for the payments provided to the Digital Innovation Hubs for the RRF support (various dates).
5	Annex IV – Certificates of work completion	Certifications of work completion attesting the funding provided for the creation and activities of the European Digital Innovation Hubs (hereinafter referred to as: “EDIH”) aiming at the digitalisation of businesses or of public entities, as signed by the EDIHs and the Ministry of Industry and Trade (various dates)

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the target.

At least EUR 8.4 million shall be paid to European Digital Innovation Hubs for the activities provided by the hubs aiming at the digitalisation of businesses or of public entities.

Czechia provided evidence, for the individual transfers of funds to six European Digital Innovation Hubs (Annex III). These demonstrated that all the transfers took place between 2023 and September 2025 in the total amount of 213 930 320 CZK. This total amount divided by the exchange rate of EUR 1 = CZK 25.46 results in the amount of EUR 8.402 million, thus exceeding the total target value of at least EUR 8.4 million.

The support was provided for the creation of the Digital Innovation Hubs as well as for services and activities aiming at the digital transformation of private and public sector entities, as demonstrated by Call for applications for RRF support (Annex I, point 2), by the individual RRF grant decisions for the Hubs (Annex II, Article 3) and corroborated by the individual certificates of work completion (Annex IV).

Any amounts provided by other Union programmes or instruments shall not be counted towards this amount.

According to the evidence provided, the support provided from RRF is complementary to the funds received from the Digital Europe Programme (Annex I, point 4) and is provided for the half not financed by other Union programmes. This is further corroborated by the individual grant decisions for the RRF support, which demonstrate the exact schedule of grant payments to the recipients, including the exact amounts (Annex II, Articles 4 and 5). These amounts correspond to the amounts indicated in the individual proof of transfers (Annex III), and therefore, represent only the amounts provided under the RRF support scheme. The amounts paid to the six Digital Innovation Hubs under the Digital Europe Programme are not counted towards the total target value of at least EUR 8.4 million.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled

Number and name of the Target: 71 Support to businesses for digital transformation

Related Measure: C1.5.I3 Digital transformation of businesses

Quantitative Indicator: Number of businesses

Baseline: 0

Target: 377

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of this measure is to increase digital processes in enterprises. This measure consists of grant support for the digital transformation of businesses.

The target concerns the provision of support to 377 businesses for their digital transformation.

Target 71 is the only target of this investment, related to the digital transformation of businesses.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the milestone (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled
2	Annex I – List of supported companies	An MS Excel file provided by the Ministry of Industry and Trade containing a list of businesses that received support under the calls (21 November 2025)
3	Annex II - Certificates of work completion	Documents signed by the recipients attesting that completion of interventions and the digital maturity of the companies (various dates)
4	Annex III – proof of payments	Bank statements attesting the financial support provided to the recipients for the completion of their interventions towards digital transformation (various dates)
5	Annex IV – Calls for proposals	Calls for proposals to businesses for supporting their digital transformation (9 June 2022)
6	Annex V – business plans of companies	Business plans describing the nature of digitalisation intervention completed by companies as submitted by the recipients (various dates)

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the target.

377 businesses shall receive financial support for their digital transformation

Czechia submitted 385 interventions of businesses that received financial support towards the digital transformation of their activities. The Commission services verified that the target of 377 has been achieved by evidencing the conditions of the calls for proposal and the proof of transfers and completion certificates for a sample of 60 interventions.

To this end, the two calls for proposals (Annex IV) demonstrate that the support was provided in the form of direct grant support (Annex IV, point 7). The substantive focus of the calls included the purchase of hardware and software solutions in the areas of (i) digital transformation of activities such as introduction of management information and manufacturing execution systems; (ii) acquisition of robotic machinery for logistics, storage and other non-production activities; (iii) in-house connectivity including sensor networks; (iv) cybersecurity; (v) training of staff for obtaining necessary IT certificates; (vi) building information modelling and common data environment systems and the creation of digital twin solutions (Annex IV, point 3).

Following the selection of a random sample of 60 units, Czechia submitted bank transactions to demonstrate the financial support and payments provided by the Ministry of Industry and Trade towards the sampled businesses completing the interventions (Annex III). Such financial support was provided following the submission of certificates of completion (Annex II) by the recipients, attesting that interventions aiming to digitally transform the activities of the companies have been completed. To this end, the certificates demonstrate the digital maturity of the recipient businesses before and after the interventions along the indicators of the DESI index and confirm the completion of interventions. Furthermore, the business plans complement these certifications and demonstrate the nature of the interventions for those cases where such information may not be included in the certificates (Annex V). The evidence provided for a sample of 60 units confirmed that the requirements of the target have been met. The target requirement can be considered met because the evidence confirmed that the businesses completed interventions towards digitally transforming their operations and Czechia provided financial support for these.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactory fulfilled

Number and name of the Target: 261 Completion of 19 additional projects from a predefined set of projects

Related Measure: C2.1.I3 Improving the environment (railway infrastructure support)

Quantitative Indicator: Number of projects

Baseline: 37

Target: 56

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of the investment is to protect the environment and climate by contributing to increasing the share of rail transport in freight and passenger transport and improving the energy efficiency of railway stations. The investment consists of projects related to modernisation of rail lines, reconstruction of railway stations and reconstruction of station buildings. Target 261 consists of completion of 19 projects, from the predefined list set out in milestone 89 and which cover modernised lines, modernised railway stations with reconstructed track and barrier-free and safely accessible platforms and renovated stations buildings which shall achieve an average reduction of at least 30% in energy consumption across all renovated stations.

Target 261 is the last target of the investment, and it follows the completion of milestone 89, which concerned the definition of a set of projects implementing the investment, target 90 (in the second payment request), which concerned the implementation of 26 projects from the predefined list and target 91 (in the third payment request), which concerned the implementation of additional 11 projects from the predefined list.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the target (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	List of 19 projects	List covers 19 projects submitted for target 261.
3	Minutes of the project evaluation committee	The evaluation committee of the Ministry of Transport confirms the compliance of the technical specification of projects. Both minutes were signed on 9 December 2024.
4	Protocols of handover and acceptance of the works	Protocols cover all 19 projects, they are signed by the contractors and the recipients of the financial subsidy.
5	Permits for trial operation	Permits issued by the State Rail Office for projects which cover investments for rails, track and platforms.
6	Energy Assessments for 35 projects concerning the	Energy Assessments are done by an independent expert for all 35 projects supported

	renovated station buildings and a summary report.	by the investment which concerns 35 renovated station buildings.
7	Reports of Railways Administration confirming the length of modernised lines for 24 projects.	Confirmation documents are issued by the rail Authority for all 24 projects supported by the investment which concerns 121,88 km of modernised lines.

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the target.

Acceptance of 19 additional projects from the predefined set of projects comprising

In line with the description of the target, Czechia submitted evidence concerning the completion of 19 projects from the predefined list of modernised railway structures assessed under milestone 89.

The list of 19 completed projects was provided under evidence No. 2.

Czechia submitted 19 protocols of handover of the works (evidence No. 4). These projects included two projects of modernised railway stations with reconstructed track and barrier-free and safely accessible platforms and seventeen projects of stations buildings renovations.

[comprising] 121,88 km of lines modernised

Completion of all projects concerning this part of the investment was assessed under targets 90 and 91. For this target, Czechia submitted evidence No. 7 which contains 24 documents signed by the Railway Authority confirming the total length of modernised lines. According to the evidence provided, Czechia achieved the modernised a total length of 128,102 kilometres, thus exceeding the goal of 121,88 km by 6,222 kilometres.

[comprising] 9 modernised railway stations with reconstructed track and safely and barrier-free accessible platforms

For the target under assessment Czechia submitted protocols of handover and acceptance of the works (evidence No. 4) proving the handover of the works for two modernised railway stations with reconstructed track and safely and barrier-free accessible platforms, the respective projects have unique identifiers 17 and 23. Together with the projects submitted and assessed under targets 90 and 91 the total number of projects for this type of investments is 9.

The protocols of handover and acceptance of the works (evidence No. 4) concluded between the Czech Railway Administration and the contractors confirmed the finalisation of the works. The two trial operations (evidence No. 5) were issued by the Czech State Rail Office respectively on 12 October 2023 for the project with unique identifier 23 and on 21 October 2024 for the project with unique identifier 17. Minutes of the meeting of the project evaluation committee of the Ministry of Transport which accepted, in particular in the point ‘conclusion’ on page 2, that the projects are compliant with the description of the target and of the description of the investment (evidence No. 3) were signed on 9 December 2024.

[comprising] 35 renovated station buildings

For the target under assessment Czechia submitted protocols of handover of the works (evidence No. 4) proving the handover of the works for the seventeen renovated station buildings. Together with the projects submitted under targets 90 and 91 the total number of projects for this type of investments is 35.

The protocols of handover and acceptance of the works (evidence No. 4) concluded between the Czech Railway Administration and the contractors confirmed the finalisation of the works. The relevant permits for trial operation (evidence No. 5) were issued by the Czech State Rail Office, where required under law. In some cases, trial operations were not required because of the nature of the projects. Minutes of the meeting of the project evaluation committee of the Ministry of Transport which accepted, in particular in the point 'conclusion' on page 2, that the projects are compliant with the description of the target and of the description of the investment (evidence No. 3) were signed on 9 December 2024.

As regards the 35 renovated station buildings the reconstruction works shall achieve an average reduction of at least 30% in energy consumption across all renovated stations.

Czechia submitted 35 Energy Assessments and a summary report prepared by the independent expert (evidence No. 6.). All the reports in table 4 in chapter 2 provide the data on the energy use, which cover the use *before* the implementation of projects and *after* the completion of projects. According to this evidence, Czechia achieved the average reduction in energy consumption across all renovated stations at 58.19%, thus exceeding the goal of Target 261 by 28.19%.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactory fulfilled

Number and name of the Target: 117 Number of recharging points deployed for private companies

Related Measure: C2.4.I2 Building infrastructure – Recharging points for private companies

Quantitative Indicator: Number of recharging points for private companies

Baseline: 0

Target: 2500

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of this investment is to stimulate zero-emission mobility in Czechia. The investment consists of increasing the number of recharging points for private companies and self-employed persons.

Target 117 requires that at least 2 500 new portable or stationary recharging points shall be installed or purchased.

Target 117 is the only target of this investment, related to installation or purchase of recharging points.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the target (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	Annex 1 – List of supported purchases	The list contains key information such as the beneficiary's case application number, business/self-employed person's ID, type of purchased or installed charging points and the number of charging points.
3	Annex 2 – Grant agreements	Grant agreements between the National Development Bank, the managing body, and the beneficiaries were requested for a sample of 60 beneficiaries.
4	Annex 3 - Proof of purchase or installation	Proofs of purchase or installation of charging points were requested for a sample of 60 beneficiaries. The documents include invoices and certificates of payment, bank statements or payment notifications, revision reports provided by technicians.

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the target.

At least 2 500 new portable or stationary recharging points shall be purchased or installed. Furthermore, in line with the description of the measure, the investment **consists of increasing the number of recharging points for private companies and self-employed persons**.

As detailed in Annex 1, 2123 beneficiaries have benefitted from the scheme by purchasing or installing stationary or portable recharging points. The information about beneficiaries includes the name of the beneficiary, its Czech company identification number, the application number. Overall, a total of 2,609 recharging points for private companies and self-employed persons were purchased or installed. Most beneficiaries chose to purchase or install a single recharging point; however, some beneficiaries used the scheme to purchase or install up to 19 recharging points.

Following the selection of a random sample of 60 units, Czechia submitted grant agreements (Annex 2) which demonstrate that the Czech authorities provided grants to the beneficiaries for the purchase or installation of recharging points. Furthermore, these grant agreements were corroborated by the respective proofs of installation or of purchase for each supported recharging point (Annex 3). The evidence provided for a sample of 60 units confirmed that this requirement of Target 117 has been met – that charging points were either purchased or installed by private companies and self-employed person in their capacity of beneficiaries of the grant.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled.

Number and name of the Target: 118 Number of recharging points installed in residential buildings

Related Measure: C2.4.I3 Building infrastructure – Recharging points for residential buildings

Quantitative Indicator: Number of recharging points for residential buildings

Baseline: 0

Target: 2 880

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of this investment is to contribute to the uptake of battery electric vehicles by supporting the installation of recharging points. The investment consists of increasing the number of recharging points in residential buildings.

At least 2 880 recharging points shall be installed in residential buildings.

Target 118 is the only target of this investment, related to installation of recharging points in residential buildings.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the target (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	Annex 1 – List of 3 838 projects with installed recharging points	An MS Excel file containing a list of the 3 838 projects with installed recharging points, including detailed information such as name of applicant, location of the project, number of recharging points installed, amount of subsidy, etc.
3	Annex 2 and 3 – Proof of installation, signed by the competent authority.	Handover protocols or inspection reports were requested for a random sample of 60 projects. They are the documents which prove the installation of the recharging points. They are signed by the competent authority within the RRF timeframe.
4	Annex 4 – Calls for proposals issued on 12 October 2021	Calls and call documentation No. 1/2021 and No. 2/2021. The call documentation includes the binding instructions for applicants. The calls were issued on 21 September 2021.
5	Annex 5 – Grant decisions, signed by the Minister for the Environment	Grant decisions were requested for a random sample of 60 projects. They are the documents which prove the project was completed under call No. 1/2021 or call No. 2/2021. They are signed by the competent authority between 31 August 2022 and 7 November 2024.

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the target.

Installation of at least 2 880 recharging points in residential buildings. Furthermore, in line with the description of the measure, **the investment consists of increasing the number of recharging points in residential buildings**.

Two calls for proposals, No. 1/2021 and No. 2/2021, were published for support in installation of recharging points in residential buildings on 21 September 2021 (Annex 4, page 1). According to the evidence provided in Annex 1, after the calls for proposals were opened on 12 October 2021 (Annex 4, page 1 and 2), Czechia selected 3 838 projects, which resulted in installation of 4 773 recharging points.

Following the selection of a random sample of 60 units, Czechia submitted handover protocols (Annex 3) which demonstrate the date on which the recharging points were installed and grant decisions which demonstrate that projects were completed in residential buildings (Annex 5). The evidence provided for a sample of 60 units confirmed that this requirement of Target 118 has been met – 4 773 recharging points were installed in the residential buildings, thus exceeding the goal of Target 118 by 1 893.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactory fulfilled.

Number and name of the Target: 119 Number of vehicles for private companies

Related Measure: C2.4.I4 Aid for purchase of vehicles – zero-emission vehicles for private companies

Quantitative Indicator: Number of vehicles for private companies

Baseline: 0

Target: 2900

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of this investment is to stimulate demand for zero emission vehicles. The investment consists of increasing the number of zero-emission cars and vans for private companies and self-employed persons.

Target 119 requires that at least 2 900 new zero emission vehicles (cars and vans) shall be purchased.

Target 119 is the only target of this investment, related to the purchase of zero-emission vehicles for private companies and self-employed persons.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the target (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	Annex 2 – List of supported purchases	The list of projects contains key information such as the beneficiary's case application number, business/self-employed persons ID number, name of the final beneficiary, type of purchased zero-emission vehicles, and the number of purchased vehicles.
3	Annex 3 – Proofs of grant agreement	Grant agreements concluded between the National Development Bank, the managing body, and the beneficiaries were requested for a random sample of 60 units.
4	Annex 4 - Proofs of technical Registration Document confirming national registration of vehicle	Official registration documents issued by responsible authorities for each vehicle were requested for a random sample of 60 units. These documents identify the owner of the new vehicle, the type of vehicles (based on UNECE typology), its powertrain, and the vehicle registration plate.

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the target.

Purchase of at least 2 900 new zero emission vehicles (cars and vans) for private companies and self-employed persons. Furthermore, in line with the description of the measure, **[T]he investment consists of increasing the number of zero-emission cars and vans for private companies and self-employed persons.**

As detailed in Annex 2, 2690 beneficiaries have benefitted from the scheme by purchasing zero emission vehicles. The information about beneficiaries includes the name of the beneficiary, its company identification number, the application number. The beneficiaries have all together purchased 2900 zero-emission cars and vans. Most beneficiaries chose to purchase one or two zero-emission cars or vans. As follows based on Annex 2, some beneficiaries used the scheme to create small corporate fleets of up to 9 zero-emission cars and vans.

Following the selection of a random sample of 60 units, Czechia submitted grant agreements (Annex 3) which demonstrate that the Czech Development Bank provided grants to the beneficiaries that were either private companies or self-employed persons for the purchase of zero-emission cars and vans. These grant agreements are corroborated by the copies of official technical registration documents (Annex 4) for each car purchased, ascertaining the registration of a zero-emission vehicle under a vehicle registration plate by the beneficiary, as set out in the grant agreement. The evidence provided for a sample of 60 units confirmed that the requirement of Target 119 concerning the purchase of 2900 additional units of zero-emission cars and vans for private companies and self-employed person has been met.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled.

Number and name of the Target: 121 Number of charging stations for municipalities, regions, state administration and other public entities

Related Measure: C2.4.I5 Aid for purchase of zero-emission vehicles and infrastructure for municipalities, regions, state administration and other public entities

Quantitative Indicator: Number of recharging points

Baseline: 0

Target: 200

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of this investment is to increase zero-emission mobility in the Czech public administration. The investment consists of increasing the number of zero-emission vehicles and recharging points.

The target 121 envisages the installation of at least 200 new recharging points for municipalities, regions, state administration and other public entities.

Target 121 is the first target of this investment, related to the installation of recharging points for municipalities, regions, state administration and other public entities. It is followed by Target 120, related to the delivery of new zero emission vehicles for municipalities, regions, state administration and other public entities.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the target (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	Annex 1 – List of 117 supported projects with 324 recharging points installed	The list of projects contains key information such as the registration number, applicant name, project title, the type of entity of the applicant, and number of installed recharging points.
3	Annex 2a – Grant decisions for selected projects to implement recharging points	Grant decisions with successful projects were requested for a random sample of 60 projects. The decisions are signed by the competent authority within the RRF timeframe.
4	Annex 2b – Proof of installation proving the implementation of a	Handover protocols or revision reports were requested for a random sample of 60 projects. The handover protocols or revision reports are signed by the contractor and contracting public

	project to install recharging points	entity, in accordance with national legislation, within the RRF timeframe.

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the target.

Installation of at least 200 new recharging points for municipalities, regions, state administration and other public entities.

As detailed in Annex 1, 117 beneficiaries have benefitted from the scheme. The information about beneficiaries includes the registration number, applicant name, project title, and the legal form of the applicant, confirming that recipients are public sector entities. It also specifies the location and region of the charging station. Each charging station provides one or more charging points. According to the evidence provided, Czechia completed the installation of 324 recharging points across all projects, thus exceeding the goal of Target 121 by 124 recharging points.

Following the selection of a random sample of 60 units, Czechia submitted grant decisions (Annex 2a) and handover protocols or revision reports (Annex 2b) which demonstrate that the respective charging points were installed. The evidence provided for a sample of 60 units confirmed that the requirements of the target have been met for 53 units. For seven out of the sampled 60 units, the Commission services were not able to fully ascertain the public status of the beneficiaries. A statistical analysis was carried out taking into account the overachievement of the target of 324 new recharging points for a required 200 recharging points. Based on this, there is statistical assurance that the target has been met, and all its constitutive elements have been satisfactorily fulfilled.

Furthermore, in line with the description of the measure, **the investment consists of increasing the number of zero-emission vehicles and recharging points.**

Target 121 marks the initial phase of this investment, focusing on the installation or purchase of recharging points for municipalities, regions, state administration, and other public entities. Following this, Target 120 involves the delivery of new zero-emission vehicles to the same public entities. Target 120 will be assessed as part of the ninth instalment of non-repayable support from the RRF.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled.

Number and name of the Target: 330 Increasing the number of zero emission vehicles registered

Related Measure: C2.4.I2 Reform 1: National Action Plan for Clean Mobility and deployment targets for zero emission mobility

Quantitative Indicator: Increasing the number of zero emission vehicles registered

Baseline: 0

Target: 70%

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of the measure is to set a pathway for transition towards clean transport and zero-emission mobility. This reform consists of the adoption of the National Action Plan for Mobility and a target for zero-emission vehicles registration.

Target 330 concerns a minimum percentage increase in the number of zero-emission vehicles registered in the respective vehicle categories (M1 – passenger cars, N1 – light commercial vehicles; N2 and N3 – heavy-duty vehicles, based on UNECE standards). The reform shall result in the increase of the number of zero-emission vehicles registered in Czechia between 2022 and 2024 by at least 70% in each category.

Milestone 330 is the last step of the implementation of the reform. It was preceded by milestone 329, related to the adoption of the National Action Plan for Clean Mobility.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the target (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	Annex 1 –Data extracts on registration of clean vehicles	Data extracts detailing the evolution of clean vehicle registrations for each vehicle category in Czechia. The underlying data is from the official national "Central Vehicle Register" ("Centrální registr vozidel") and is updated quarterly. The online database is administered by Transport Research Centre (CDV) (a public research institution established under Act No. 341/2005 Coll.) and is publicly available at: https://www.cistadoprava.cz/
3	Annex 2 – Methodological note on the data collection of the Transport Research Centre of Czechia	A methodological note prepared by the Czech authorities detailing the legislative framework underpinning the Transport Centre of Czechia and the official protocol for how the CDV processes the vehicles registration data (undated)

4	Annex 3 – Copy of Act 56/2001, as amended, on conditions for the Operation of Vehicles on Roads	The act adopted on 10 January 2001, in force since 1 July 2001, lays down the conditions for vehicle operation and includes provisions on the establishment and administration of the vehicle register.
5	Annex 4 - Establishment Deed of the Czech Transport Research Centre (CDV)	The document establishes the core functions of the Czech Transport Research Centre. The document was issued by the Ministry of Transport on 1 June 2006, on the basis of Act No. 341/2005 Coll., on Public Research Institutions.

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the target.

The target refers to a minimum percentage increase in the number of zero emission vehicles registered in respective vehicle categories (M1 passenger cars, N1 light commercial vehicles; N2 and N3 heavy duty vehicles, based on UNECE standards) by 31 December 2024 in Czechia compared to the 2022 baseline.

Furthermore, in line with the quantitative indicator of this target, **the minimum percentage increase in the number of zero emission vehicles registered in respective vehicle categories is at least 70%.**

Furthermore, in line with the description of the measure, this reform **consists of a target for zero emission vehicles** registration**.**

The goal of the target is to demonstrate a statistical increase in the registration of zero-emission vehicles in Czechia. According to the evidence provided (Annex 1), the number of registered zero-emissions vehicles in the respective vehicle categories (M1 passenger cars, N1 light commercial vehicles; N2 and N3 heavy duty vehicles) increased by 271% between 2022 and 2024. The data in Annex 1 provided by Czechia is aggregated from the data in the Czech Central Vehicle Register by the Czech Transport Research Centre (hereinafter referred to as: "CDV").

As part of the evidence, Czechia submitted supporting documents regarding the methodology and the legal framework for the Czech Transport Research Centre (hereinafter referred to as: "CDV"), the public research institute that manages the public database from which the data in Annex 1 was extracted. As is evidenced by Annex 4, the CDV, a public research institution, was established by Establishment Deed of the Ministry of Transport on 1 June 2006, pursuant to Act No. 341/2005, on Public Research Institutions. Annex 2 notes that the CDV is methodologically supervised by the Ministry of Transport and is the only research organisation in the Czech Republic that comprehensively addresses research across all areas of transport, with a particular emphasis on data related to clean mobility. The Ministry of Transport provides the CDV with official quarterly data exports from the Central Vehicle Register. The data is provided as part of an annually assigned project on clean mobility monitoring from the Ministry of Transport (Annex 2, p. 3). As evidenced by Annexes 2 and 4, the CDV receives data exports from the Central Vehicle Register of the Czech Republic, the official database for vehicle registration administered by the Ministry of Transport of the Czech Republic. As Annex 3 provides, the Central Vehicle Register was established by Act No. 56/2001 on Conditions for the Operation of Vehicles on Roads. The Act in Article 4 defines what data must be entered into the

register, who administers the register (the Ministry of Transport), and the obligations of vehicle owners and operator.

As is evidenced by Annex 4, the Ministry of Transport as the administrator of both the CDV and the Central Vehicle Register, provides the CDV with official data exports once per quarter, including all information on registered vehicles in UNECE vehicle categories M1, N1, N2, and N3. Annex 2 furthermore also provides information on the selection of the vehicle subset, data processing, quality control and internal verification, as well as archiving, updates, and reproducibility. The information provided shows that the data is properly processed and verified, according to the methodological agreement between the Ministry of Transport and the CDV.

The Commission services accessed the link provided by the authorities on 1 December 2025 to verify the minimum percentage increase in the number of zero emission vehicles registered in respective vehicle categories (M1 passenger cars, N1 light commercial vehicles; N2 and N3 heavy duty vehicles) by 31 December 2024 in Czechia compared to the 2022 baseline. The number of zero-emission vehicles registered in 2024 (vehicles with battery-electric vehicles and hydrogen fuel-cell) was as follows: UNECE category M1 was 35,780 vehicles, UNECE category N1 was 2,052, in UNECE category N2 was 20 vehicles, and UNECE category N3 was 31 vehicles. The number of vehicles registered in 2022 was follows: UNECE category M1 was 13,049 vehicles, UNECE category N1 was 917, in UNECE category N2 was 1 vehicle and UNECE category N3 was 10 vehicles. This check was completed successfully, confirming that a minimum percentage increase of at least 70% in the number of zero emission vehicles registered in respective UNECE vehicle categories has been met for each vehicle category. For the most common categories of passengers' cars and light commercial vehicles the percentage increases are 174.2% and 123.8% respectively.

For the purposes of the assessment of the target, the aggregated data presented by the CDV provides greater clarity on the fuel types of registered vehicles, and vehicle type trajectories over the years compared to the raw extracts from the Central Vehicle Register.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled.

Number and name of the Target: 123 Environmental Education and Awareness on Climate Change

Related Measure: C2.5.R1 Environmental Education and Awareness on Climate Change

Quantitative Indicator: Number of projects

Baseline: 0

Goal: 38

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of the measure is to support environmental education and awareness-raising with a focus on climate change. It consists of educational and awareness-raising activities on environmental topics.

Target 123 requires support for 38 educational and awareness-raising projects on climate change and sustainability.

Target 123 is the only target of this reform, related to educational activities on climate change and sustainability.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the milestone (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	Annex 1: List of projects	An MS Excel file with a list of 39 completed projects containing the name of applicant, application registration number, project name, place of implementation, region, relevant grant call, number of participants and number of person-hours.
3	Annex 2: Grant decisions and summary opinions on the financial award decision (39 documents), dated between 11 December 2023 and 16 September 2025	A document containing i. Grant decisions on the allocation of the subsidy, signed electronically by the Minister of Environment. They are issued *after* the completion of the projects' activities. They list the basic conditions under which the allocation of subsidy is valid. ii. The summary opinions on the financial award decision from the State Environment Fund (hereinafter referred to as: "SEF") assess that the activities undertaken as part of the projects have fulfilled the necessary conditions.
4	Annex 3: Grant agreements (39 documents), dated	Grant agreements between the SEF and grant applicants containing the subject of the agreement, amount of subsidy, and obligations for the applicant.

	between 4 February 2024 and 17 October 2025	The grant agreements are issued after the issuance of the grant decisions. They are signed electronically by the applicant and by a representative of the SEF. The agreements contain a declaration from the applicants that the activities conducted were in accordance with the conditions set in the call (Annex 5).
5	Annex 4: Report tables (39 documents), dated between 13 December 2023 and 25 November 2024	A document with a table summarising the list of activities conducted as part of the individual project. The documents include the project name, application registration number and the list of activities containing the names of final beneficiaries (schools, educators), name of the educational course, duration, date, number of participants and number of person-hours. The document is provided by the grant applicant, either in a PDF or Excel format. The report tables provided as PDF documents also contain the signature of the person in charge of the grant applicant institution.
6	Annex 5: Grant call No. 6/2022, dated 24 June 2022	Call for proposals containing the information on the area and conditions for support, including the maximum amount of support per person-hour by type of activity, and the procedure for disbursement of support. The call is signed by the minister of environment.

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the milestone.

38 educational and awareness-raising projects on sustainability and climate change shall be supported. Furthermore, in line with the description of the measure, the reform **consists of educational and awareness-raising activities on environmental topics.**

According to the evidence provided in the list of projects (Annex 1), Czechia has completed 39 educational projects raising awareness on environmental topics such as sustainability and climate change, thus achieving the goal of this target.

The call No. 6/2026 (Annex 5) sets out the main obligations for the beneficiaries as well as the key elements necessary for the disbursement of the subsidy. The grant decisions and the summary opinions on the financial award decision from the SEF (Annex 2), issued *after* the completion of projects, validate that the projects fulfilled the binding conditions of the call (Annex 5). The summary opinions (Annex 2) provides further details on the completed subject of support, and state that a positive expert opinion was drawn up by the Ministry of the Environment of the Czech Republic. The report tables (Annex 4) confirm the information provided in the list of projects (Annex 1) by detailing the specific educational activities that have been implemented. Each report table contains the dates on which the activities took place, names of participating schools or educators and the number of participants. The information on number of participants and person-hours per project stated in the

report tables (Annex 4) corresponds to the summary information provided in the list of projects (Annex 1).

Overall, the grant agreements, grant decisions with summary opinions on the financial award decision from the SEF, report tables and the call for proposals (Annexes 2, 3, 4 and 5) corroborate the information stated in the list of projects (Annex 1), therefore confirming that the requirement of this target has been met.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled

Number and name of the Target: 126 Reduction of energy consumption

Related Measure: C2.5.I1 Renovation and revitalisation of buildings for energy savings

Quantitative Indicator: Energy savings in terra joules per year

Baseline: 1200

Target: 1900

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of this investment is to save energy in residential buildings, construct new residential buildings that exceed mandatory energy standards, replace non-compliant combustion sources in households using solid fuels with gas condensing boilers of energy class A, use renewable energy sources as part of comprehensive energy renovation of buildings, and adapt to climate change, including water management.

The target concerns projects that shall deliver a total estimated reduction in primary energy consumption of at least 1 900 TJ/year.

Target 126 is the second and last target of the investment, and it follows the completion of target 125, related to projects contracted for reduction of energy consumption.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the target (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	Annex 1 – List of 4 565 supported projects	An MS Excel file containing a list of the 4 565 supported projects, including detailed information such as name of applicant, location of the project, type of a project, etc. The first sheet of the MS Excel file contains information on the aggregated primary energy savings per year.
3	Annex 2 – Methodology for calculating energy savings prepared by the State Environmental Fund of the Czech Republic (hereinafter referred to as: "SEF"), dated 6 December 2024	The report in Annex 2 contains the methodology, including the coefficients and formulae, used to calculate the energy savings achieved by the supported projects.

4	Annex 3 – SEF declaration, signed on 19 November 2025 by its director Eng. Petr Valdman.	A declaration by the SEF that the target has been implemented according to the CID requirements and that the energy performance certificates have been uploaded to the central ENEX system, which is a repository of building Energy Performance Certificates (hereinafter referred to as: "EPC"). The declaration was signed by SEF Director, Ing. Petr Valdman on 19 November 2025.
5	Annex 4 – EPCs, dated within the RRF timeframe	EPCs issued by energy specialists were requested for a random sample of 60 projects. They demonstrate the energy consumption of the building before and after the renovation was implemented. They are registered in the ENEX database and dated within the RRF timeframe.
6	Annex 5 - Energy evaluation report	Energy evaluation reports certify the pre-renovation state of the building (for example, type of windows, wall insulation, roof type and insulation). The reports are prepared and signed by registered energy specialists and dated withing the RRF timeframe.
7	Annex 6 – Calls for proposals issued on 12 October 2021 and 15 June 2023 by SEF	Call documentations for No. NRP 1/2021, No. NRP 2/2021, No. NRP 2/2023 and No. NRP 3/2023. The call documentations include the binding instructions for applicants. The calls were issued on 12 October 2021 and 15 June 2023.
8	Annex 7 – Issued grant decisions, signed by the Minister of Environment between 5 July 2023 and 17 October 2025	Grant decisions were requested for a random sample of 60 projects. They are the documents in which the Ministry of Environment grants the funding to the selected projects. They are signed by the Minister of Environment between 5 July 2023 and 17 October 2025.
9	Annex 8 - Final expert evaluation report	Final expert evaluation reports are completed by the technical expert supervisor for the project and confirm the project implementation for support areas. They are dated within the RRF timeframe.

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the target.

Projects shall deliver a total estimated reduction in primary energy consumption of at least 1 900 TJ/year. Furthermore, in line with the measure description, **it consists of projects for the reduction of energy consumption in households**.

Target 126 is directly linked to target 125, which preceded it and was related to achieving energy savings of 1 200 TJ/year. Thus, target 126 shall reduce the energy consumption by at least additional 700 TJ/year. The first sheet of Annex 1 prepared by SEF demonstrates the aggregated primary energy savings for all supported projects with the breakdown of energy savings per year. The calculations are based on the per-project data available in the second sheet of Annex 1. According to the evidence provided in Annex 1, after the calls for proposals were opened on 12 October 2021 (Annex 6, page 1), Czechia contracted 4 565 projects, in residential and family buildings, via the State Environment Fund and achieved a reduction of energy consumption of 787 TJ/year.

The projects under this target have been selected via the calls for applications of SEF for renovations of single-family and residential houses within the New Green Savings programme (Annex 6, page 1). The calls for single-family and residential houses were launched on 12 October 2021 (calls No. NRP 1/2021 and No. NRP 2/2021 and 15 June 2023 (calls No. NRP 2/2023 and No. NRP 3/2023) (Annex 6, page 1), and the deadline for applications was on 30 June 2025 and 30 June 2023 respectively (or until the exhaustion of the total allocation). The binding guidelines of the calls contain conditions related to the technical parameters' requirements, including the 30% energy savings requirements (Annex 6, pages 8, 12 and 13).

Following the selection of a random sample of 60 units, Czechia submitted grant decisions (Annex 7) which demonstrate the call under which the projects were contracted as well as energy evaluation reports (Annex 5) and Building Energy Performance Certificates (Annex 4) demonstrating respectively the energy consumption of the building before and after the renovation was implemented, as confirmed by final expert evaluation reports (Annex 8). The evidence provided for a sample of 60 units confirmed that this requirement of Target 126 has been met – projects delivered 787 TJ/year reduction of energy consumption, thus exceeding the goal of Target 126 by 87 TJ/year.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactory fulfilled.

Number and name of the Target: 129 Reduction of CO_2 emissions

Related Measure: C2.5.I2 Replacement of stationary sources of pollution in households with renewable energy sources

Quantitative Indicator: CO_2 emissions reduction in kt/year

Baseline: 170

Target: 630

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

This measure aims to replace non-compliant combustion sources in households using solid fuels with low-emission heating sources and instal renewable energy sources for the housing sector, in particular photovoltaic and photothermal systems. The investment consists of projects for the reduction of CO_2 emissions and/or energy consumption in households.

Target 129 requires that projects deliver a total estimated reduction in CO_2 emissions of at least 630 kt/year (i.e. 460 kt/year above the baseline achieved under the previous targets).

Target 129 is the third and last target of the investment, and it follows the completion of target 128 and target 127, related to reduction of energy consumption and CO_2 emissions through replacement of non-compliant heating sources in households with low-emission energy sources. Targets 127 and 128 achieved the cumulative reduction of CO_2 emissions of 190.61 kt/year (20.61 kt/year above the baseline of 170 kt/year).

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the target (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	Annex 1: List of individual projects prepared by the State Environment Fund (hereinafter referred to as: “SEF”)	An MS Excel file containing a list of the contracted projects (63 675), including detailed information such as name of applicant, location of the project, summary of the project activities (such as type of heating source replaced), amount of subsidy, etc. The first sheet of the MS Excel file contains information on the aggregated CO_2 emissions reduction.
3	Annex 2: New Green Savings Assessment of data benefits issued by the SEF, dated 6 December 2024	The report contains the methodology description including coefficient tables and formulae used for calculating CO_2 emissions savings and non-renewable energy savings by the supported projects.

4	Annex 3: Reports on the installation	For a random sample of 60 units, installation reports were requested. The report contains a certificate of installation of the new heating source. The installation reports are completed by the supplier, required by the binding guidelines of the calls (Annex 5) to hold relevant authorisation according to Article 10 of Act No. 406/2000 Coll. on energy management. The installation reports are submitted for projects under the call New Green Savings Light, and for projects under the calls for residential and family houses under support areas C.1, C.2 and C.3. The installation report contains data used in the MS Excel file for calculating CO_2 emissions reductions (Annex 7).
5	Annex 4: Calculation tool for optimising Photovoltaic systems (PVS) for New Green Savings	For a random sample of 60 units, calculation tools for optimising Photovoltaic systems were requested. The calculation tool contains the name of beneficiary, address, amount of subsidy and total reduction of CO_2 emissions in kilotons per year. The calculation tool is only provided for projects under the calls for residential and family houses under support areas C.2 and C.3 related to the installation of new photovoltaic sources. It is dated and signed by an expert assessor, required by the binding guidelines of the calls (Annex 5) to hold relevant authorisation according to Article 10 of Act No. 406/2000 Coll. on energy management. The calculation tool contains data used in the MS Excel file for calculating CO_2 emissions reductions (Annex 7). The template of the calculation tool was provided to applicants by the State Environment Fund.
6	Annex 5: Calls and Binding guidelines for applicants (6 pdf documents). The calls are dated on 13 October 2022 and 16 September 2025. The binding guidelines are valid from 1 June 2022 (for single-family and residential houses) and from 27 March 2025 (for New Green Savings Light).	The documents contain three sets of calls and binding guidelines for i) single-family houses, ii) residential houses, and iii) New Green Savings Light. The calls contain the subject and aim of the call, the conditions for applicants and details on the forms of support. The calls are signed by the minister of environment. The binding guidelines specify the requirements for applicants in terms of reporting, technical requirements for the new heating sources, subsidy amount per type of project, and other general conditions. The relevant binding guidelines for single-family and residential houses for projects under target 129 are under the Area of support C (energy sources). The calls and the binding guidelines were prepared by the SEF.

7	Annex 6: Grant decisions	For a random sample of 60 units, grant decisions were requested. Each decision contains the name of beneficiary, their address, amount of subsidy, purpose of subsidy, the address of the real estate on which the project is implemented, and the technical parameters of the installed heating sources (e.g., total installed FVE power in kWP). The decision is signed electronically by the minister of environment, and it is issued after the project's completion.
8	Annex 7: MS Excel tool for calculating CO_2 emissions reductions and energy savings	A MS Excel file which contains the formulae used to calculate the CO_2 emissions and energy savings per project. The formulae are based on the methodology submitted in Annex 2. The file contains a list of supported projects with the information on the total capacity of electric accumulators (kWh), total installed FVE power (kWp), total usable profit of FVE (kWh/year) and other technical characteristics of the project. The MS Excel file is an extract of a larger Excel file, prepared by the SEF, used by Czechia to calculate the CO_2 emissions and energy savings, reported in the list of projects (Annex 1).

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the target.

Projects shall deliver a total estimated reduction in CO_2 emissions of at least 630 kt/year. Furthermore, in line with the description of the measure, **the investment consists of projects for the reduction of CO_2 emissions and/or energy consumption in households.**

According to the evidence provided in the list of supported projects (Annex 1), Czechia contracted 63 675 projects via the State Environment Fund, which delivered CO_2 emissions reduction of 460.48 kt/year in Target 129, thus exceeding the goal of the target by 0.48 kt/year. Target 129 builds on the projects contracted under Target 127 and Target 128, and together the projects contracted for Investment 2 achieved a reduction in CO_2 emissions of 651.10 kt CO_2/year, thus exceeding the goal of the investment by 21.10 kt CO_2/year.

The projects under this target have been selected via the calls for applications of SEF for renovations of single-family and residential houses within the New Green Savings programme (Annex 5). The calls for single-family and residential houses were launched on 12 October 2021, and the deadline for applications was on 30 June 2025 (or until the exhaustion of the total allocation). The New Green Savings Light call was launched on 3 September 2024 and the deadline for applications was on 19 December 2025 (or until the exhaustion of the total allocation). The binding guidelines of the calls contain conditions related to the energy efficiency class and to the eco-design requirements defined in different Commission regulations (e. g., n. 1185/2015, n. 1186/2015 and n. 1187/2015), depending on the type of installed heating source.

The list of projects prepared by SEF (Annex 1) contains an overview of the number of projects contracted, the target of CO_2 emission savings and the expected CO_2 emission savings for target 129,

and for targets 127 and 128. The calculations for the summary information for target 129 are based on the per-project data available in the second sheet of Annex 1.The detailed list of supported projects is found in the second tab of Annex 1, and it includes information on the project application number and title, the type of activity undertaken by the project (such as replacement of a solid-fuel boiler with a natural gas boiler, installation of roof photovoltaics, etc.), the applicant's name, the address of implementation of the project, the amount of the subsidy, the payment date, the energy savings per project, the CO_2 reduction per project, and whether the project contained a natural gas boiler and the portion of the subsidy for the gas boiler. The methodology "New Green Savings Assessment of data benefits" (Annex 2) contains the formulae for calculation of CO_2 emissions savings and energy savings, depending on the type of heating source replaced and newly installed.

Following the selection of a random sample of 60 units, Czechia submitted reports on the installation, grant decisions and a MS Excel tool for calculating CO_2 emissions for the 60 selected projects (Annexes 3, 6 and 7). In addition, for 55 of the 60 sampled projects that are related to installation of new photovoltaic sources, Czechia submitted issued calculation tools for optimising photovoltaic systems (Annex 4). The installation reports (Annex 3) demonstrate that the installation of the new heating source took place for a given project, specifying the type of the new heating source installed. The grant decisions (Annex 6) confirm that the project requirements, including the parameters of the installed heating source, have been met. The grant decisions also include the decision on the disbursement of the subsidy. The per-project calculation tools and the MS Excel tool for calculating CO_2 emissions reductions (Annexes 4 and 7) validate the project-specific CO_2 emissions reductions as stated in the list of projects (Annex 1). The MS Excel tool for calculating CO_2 emissions reductions (Annex 7) further provides the calculation formulae used in computing the project-specific CO_2 savings based on the type of project, in line with the methodology outlined in the New Green Savings Assessment of data benefits (Annex 2). The evidence provided for a sample of 60 units confirmed that the requirement of the target has been met for 60 projects. For two of the sampled 60 units, the underlying data in the sampling evidence differ from the information in the list of projects (Annex 1). Czechia explained that the differences are due to mistakes by the applicants when entering the values in the SEF's information system. A conservative approach was adopted during the assessment, and the lower values from the underlying sampling evidence were taken to calculate the correct values for the CO_2 savings. A statistical analysis was carried out taking into account the overachievement of the target of 460.48 for a required 460 kt CO_2/year. Based on this, there is statistical assurance that the target has been met, and all its constitutive elements have been satisfactorily fulfilled.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled

Number and name of the Milestone: 162 Handover protocol(s) for the flood protection project

Related Measure: C2.9.I1 Protection against droughts and floods of the city of Brno

Qualitative Indicator: Handover protocol(s) of project

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of the measure is to reinforce Brno's flood defences and revitalise the river Svratka. It consists of several interventions that may include, but are not limited to, nature-based solutions such as natural spills of increased water-level of the basins in meadows, establishment of natural pools, floodplains, or creation of wetlands.

Milestone 162 requires the issuance and signature of handover protocols, demonstrating that the works were accepted.

Milestone 162 is the second and last milestone of the investment, and it follows the completion of milestone 161, related to notification of award of contracts for projects aiming at the protection against droughts and floods of the city of Brno.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document justifying how the milestone was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	Handover protocols	26 handover protocols of individual works concluded as part of the "Riverside of Svratka river – Implementation of flood protection measures of the Brno city – phase VII and VIII", signed by the representative of the city of Brno (investment department of the municipality office or networks departments, as relevant) , contractor, technical supervision and future administrator.
3	Final occupancy permits	Six occupancy permits issued by the construction department of Municipality of Brno office (the local construction authority) between 23 October 2025 and 11 December 2025, allowing the use of individual sites of the project "Riverside of Svratka river – Implementation of flood protection measures of the Brno city – phase VII and VIII"

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the milestone.

Handover protocol(s) issued and signed by the constructor and the representative of city of Brno, demonstrating that the works are accepted.

26 handover protocols for the individual works of the project “Riverside of Svratka river – Implementation of flood protection measures of the Brno city – phase VII and VIII” were issued and each signed by the city of Brno representative, contractor, technical supervisor and future administrator of the site, as demonstrated by Annex II.

The handover protocols were issued (Annex II) by the Municipality of city of Brno-centre, demonstrating that all the works as part of the project of protection against droughts and floods of the city of Brno were finalised. As evidenced by the protocols, works completed between September 2023 and July 2025 included construction of colonnades, entrances, bridges, paths, piers and cycling infrastructure, extensive river and floodplain revitalisation with flow-profile widening and riverside excavation, transfers of utilities, lighting, playgrounds and cycling points, product pipeline works, removal and planting of trees and the building or securing of multiple antiflood walls and dikes.

Additionally, the local construction authority, department of construction of Municipality Office of Brno, issued a final occupancy permits for the individual sites of project “Riverside of Svratka river – Implementation of flood protection measures of the Brno city – phase VII and VIII” (Annex III) between 23 October 2025 and 11 December 2025. These permits allow the use of the infrastructure and demonstrate completion of the project.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled

Number and name of the Target: 163 Rainwater management measures in urban areas

Related Measure: C2.9.I2 Rainwater management in urban agglomerations

Quantitative Indicator: Volume of m3 of rainwater estimated to be retained

Baseline: 0

Target: 20000

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

This investment aims to slow down run-offs and increase retention of water in urban agglomerations. The investment consists of several projects that include, but are not limited to, surface twisting, absorption strips and reservoirs, rain gardens, underground traps, drainage, storage underground reservoirs or green roofs.

Target 163 consists of a call on rainwater management in urban agglomerations supporting rainwater retention projects, which cumulatively shall retain an estimated 20000 m3 of rainwater.

Target 163 is the only target of this investment, related to rainwater management measures in urban areas.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the target (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	List of projects	List of projects implemented for target 163. The list shows the unique application number for each of the project, a reference to the call 10/2021, projects' names and estimated amount of retained water.
3	Call for applications No. 10/2021	This call was organised by the Ministry of Environment of the Czech Republic for investment 2 of component 2.9 of the Czech RRP.
4	Handover protocol or occupancy decision	For a random sample of 60 units, documents proving the completion of the projects were requested.
5	Expert opinions	For a random sample of 60 units, documents issued by experts from the private sector in the field of engineering of construction projects, showing the estimated m3 of retained water were requested.

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the target.

A call on rainwater management in urban agglomerations shall support rainwater retention projects. Furthermore, in line with the measure description**, the investment consists of several projects that include, but are not limited to, absorption strips and reservoirs, rain garden, underground traps, drainage, storage underground reservoirs or green roofs.**

Czechia submitted the Call of proposals number: NPO 10/2021 (evidence No. 3) for the implementation of Investment 2 of Component 2.9 of the Plan. In line with the information on page 1 of the Call, the timeframe of the call was from 12 January 2022 until 31 August 2022, and the implementation period of supported projects ended on 30 September 2025. According to point 1 'Objective of the call' (on page 2) projects supported under the call supported rainwater measures in urban areas. In addition, point 11 of the call (page 11) defined the monitoring indicator for the supported projects which was 'Volume of rainwater retained' defined in cubic metres.

In the section 2, point 1.5, the Call lists the projects that are eligible for support. This includes surface absorption strips, underground and surface retention reservoirs with discharge regulation (drainage), rain gardens, underground accumulation reservoirs, green roofs.

The supported projects shall be estimated to cumulatively retain 20.000 m3 of rainwater.

According to the list of projects (evidence No. 2) the cumulative amount of retained rainwater estimated for the supported projects under the investment was equal to 25,580.00 m3, thus exceeding the target by 5,580.00 m3.

Following the selection of a random sample of 60 units, Czechia submitted the handover protocols or occupancy decisions (evidence No. 4) for each of the projects, thereby demonstrating that all projects selected for the sample were implemented. In line with the Czech law, occupancy decisions are issued by the construction authorities and handover protocols are signed by the relevant construction companies and projects' beneficiaries. In addition, Czechia submitted independent expert opinions (evidence No. 5), thereby confirming the estimated amounts of retained rainwater. The amount of retained rainwater matched the data submitted in the list of projects (evidence No. 2).

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactory fulfilled

Number and name of the Milestone: 262 Adoption of an integrated landscape policy and planning

Related Measure: C2.9.R2 Establishment of landscape policy and planning

Qualitative Indicator: Adoption of the landscape policy

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The reform aims to establish an integrated landscape management and planning, ensuring cross-sectorial coordination and multi-stakeholders' involvement. It consists of the adoption of an integrated landscape policy document.

The milestone requires the adoption by the Government of an integrated landscape policy document. The policy shall create an enabling environment for sustainable land management by both public and private sectors, and it shall cover at least the topics of biodiversity, water management, forestry and cultural heritage.

Milestone 262 is the only milestone of this reform.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the target (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled)
2	Annex 1 – Governmental resolution of the Czech Republic no. 845 from 29 October 2025	The governmental resolution adoption the document "Landscape Policy of the Czech Republic with a view to 2050".
3	Annex 2 – Landscape Policy of the Czech Republic	The document Landscape Policy of the Czech Republic with a view to 2050

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the milestone.

Adoption by the Government of an integrated landscape policy document.

The Government of the Czech Republic adopted the document "Landscape Policy of the Czech Republic with a view to 2050" via the resolution no. 845 on 29 October 2025 (Annex 1).

This Landscape Policy document integrates other national strategies in the field of use, protection and planning of landscape (page 9). It is therefore an integrated landscape policy document.

The policy shall create an enabling environment for sustainable land management by both public and private sectors.

The Landscape Policy document (Annex 2) is a long-term national strategic document outlining the main objectives in sustainable land management in Czechia and it sets the strategic direction until 2050.

The Landscape Policy document creates an enabling environment for sustainable land management for both public and private sector by setting out actions to be implemented, leading to the creation of functional landscape while taking into account the environmental, social and economic interests (Chapter 1.2). These actions are set to address the strategic objectives of land use and land management, as set out in Chapter 4 of the Landscape Policy.

In respect to the public sector, the Chapter 5 outlines, besides others, the following measures to be implemented, creating an enabling environment for sustainable land management:

- Strengthening the active role of the Nature and Landscape Protection Agency and National Heritage Institute in the nature and cultural heritage protection (page 61).
- Sustainable land management of state-owned land (page 62): state organisations will require sustainable land management in the lease contracts.
- Preparation of methodology for landscape planning (page 69): background document for preparation of the urban planning documentation.
- Allocating contributions from national budget to watercourses administrators, with the aim to provide for stable and foreseeable framework of financing in the field of climate adaptation (page 80).

In respect to the private sector, the Chapter 5 outlines, besides others, the following measures, creating an enabling environment for sustainable land management:

- Increase of landowners' responsibility for the implementation of nature protection measures and of motivation to conserve it (page 64): fiscal and subsidy measures will be revised to motivate the landowners to create and conserve the landscape elements.
- Revision of tax system (page 68): to motivate private landowner to apply sustainable land management, changes to tax exemptions from land ownership will be explored.
- Creating the enabling framework for development of private financing for the benefit of biodiversity and landscape (page 69): the system of biodiversity offsets will be established, where impact on natural values cannot be avoided.
- Strengthening an advisory system about effective land management, prevention of soil degradation and minimalisation of landscape damage (page 66): advisory system for agriculture and farm entrepreneurs to help choosing the right technology for their land management and its use.

It shall cover at least the following topics: biodiversity, water management, forestry and cultural heritage.

Firstly, the Landscape Policy (Annex 2), in its Chapter 2, identifies the key issues of the current situation of landscape in Czechia in the following sectors: agricultural landscape, forests, biodiversity, water and landscape planning, agglomerations and infrastructure. As part of the "Landscape planning, agglomerations and infrastructure", the Landscape Policy identifies an issue of loss of cultural heritage of landscape (page 38).

Secondly, Chapter 3 identifies priorities of the landscape use and protection, addressing the issues identified in Chapter 2. This chapter includes, besides others, the following priorities:

- to plan the landscape with respect to social, natural and cultural values (page 45)
- to create an enabling environment for conservation, enforcing and recovery of biological diversity (page 46)
- to retain water in the landscape and recover functioning watercourses systems (page 46)
- to create, protect and sustainably manage diverse forests adapted to climate changes with respect to their non-productive functions, to contribute to fulfilling these functions also through forest coverage and non-forest coverage (page 48)

Thirdly, Chapter 4 then contains strategic objectives of the Landscape Policy, based on the priorities in Chapter 3. In respect of topics of biodiversity, water management, forestry and cultural heritage, the following strategic objectives are outlined:

- Development of urban areas and infrastructure while reducing the speed of further construction and while maintaining and restoring the natural and cultural values in the landscape (page 54)
- Enabling the protection of valuable ecosystems, natural stations and species biotope (page 55)
- Support of active management in areas where biodiversity is dependent on long-term planning and human interventions (page 55)
- Regulation of tourism and recreational activities in protected areas respecting the biodiversity (page 56)
- Water retention in the landscape (page 56)
- Restoration of process dynamics in watercourses and river continuation (page 57)
- Appropriate diversification of forestry management and economy ways of restoration and development of appropriate forestry coverage leading to permanently sustainable forest management (page 59)
- Systemic support of permanently sustainable management and adaptation and mitigation measures of forestry management and non-forest planting (page 60)

Finally, Chapter 5 includes measures that will be implemented to fulfil the strategic objectives outlined in Chapter 4. In respect of topics of biodiversity, water management, forestry and cultural heritage, the following measures are to be implemented, besides others:

- Strengthening the active role of the Nature and Landscape Protection Agency and National Heritage Institute in the nature and cultural heritage protection (page 61),
- Creating the enabling framework for development of private financing for the benefit of biodiversity and landscape (page 69)
- Landscape planning with respect to historical heritage, cultural and civilisational values (page 71)
- Planning and management in favour of biodiversity protection (page 73)
- Introduction of active measures to improve the water retention in river basins (page 75)
- Supporting water retention in floodplains (page 75)
- Increasing the diversity of forest species with preference to local species (page 84)
- Motivating the forest owners to permanent sustainable forest management measures listed in Strategic plan (page 84)

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled.

Number and name of the Milestone: 263 Legal act on affordable housing

Related Measure: C2.10.R1 Legal act on affordable housing

Qualitative Indicator: Entry into force of legislation

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of the reform is to increase the affordability of housing by adopting a legal act on housing support. The reform consists of the entry into force of legal provisions establishing mechanisms helping applicants find housing and incentivising the use of empty housing by helping tenants fulfil their obligations towards landlords.

Milestone 263 requires the entry into force of a legal act which establishes mechanisms helping applicants find housing and incentivising the use of empty housing by helping tenants fulfil their obligations towards landlords.

Milestone 263 is the only milestone of this reform.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the target (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled)
2	Act No 175/2025 Coll., of 16 June 2025, on the Provision of Housing Support Measures	In line with the national law, it was published in the Official Journal and entered into force on 16 June 2025. The Act became applicable as of 1 January 2026 with two exceptions: - sections 118, 119 and 123 become applicable on 1 July 2025; - sections 13 to 27 become applicable on 1 July 2026.

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the milestone.

A legal act shall enter into force

On 16 June 2025, Act No 175/2025 Coll. on the Provision of Housing Support Measures, hereinafter referred to as “the Act”, was published in the Official Journal and entered into force. As evidenced in Section 145, the Act and the provisions related to this milestone became applicable mostly as of 1 January 2026. While Sections 118, 119 and 123 that concern financing of housing contributions became applicable already on 1 July 2025, Section 13 to 27 concerning the handling of prospective applicants by the housing points will become applicable on 1 July 2026.

establish mechanisms helping applicants find housing

Section 10 point (2) of the Act (p. 4 of evidence no. 1) defines housing contact points that provide on demand advisory services concerning housing. Section 12 of the Act (p. 5) stipulates that contact points help people in areas including the assessment of a person's housing situation, suggesting steps for finding housing, help in searching, getting and maintaining appropriate housing.

The responsibilities of housing contact points to handle the registers of prospective tenants and applications from applicants are regulated by Sections 13 to 27 of the Act, applicable as of 1 July 2026.

and incentivising the use of empty housing by helping tenants fulfil their obligations towards landlords. Furthermore, in line with the description of the measure, **the reform consists of the entry into force of legal provisions establishing mechanisms helping applicants find housing and incentivising the use of empty housing by helping tenants fulfil their obligations towards landlords.**

The Act provides for legal definitions of a provider of housing support (Section 8) that are either authorised by regions or by the Ministry, if a region is the provider of housing (Part VII).

As set out in the Act, several mechanisms incentivise the use of empty housing notably by reducing risks for landlords in renting their housing (see Part V of the Act). These mechanisms are further supported by public financial contributions (Sections 73-79).

These mechanisms are:
- a guarantee mechanism through which a provider of housing support steps in to cover a tenant's unmet obligations towards a landlord. Namely, this concerns the payment of rent, utility costs, costs linked to delayed moving out and damages to the property (Sections 41 to 47);

- specific subletting contracts between a tenant and a provider of housing support and lease contracts between a provider of housing support and a landlord (Sections 48 to 53). For these contracts, the Act regulates their minimum duration, maximum rent and maximum rent increases. Additionally, the provider of housing support is obliged to assist with resolving issues between neighbours;

- specific lease contracts between a provider of housing support and a tenant (Sections 54 to 56). Also for these contracts, the Act regulates their minimum duration, maximum rent and maximum rent increases.

Moreover, as set out in sections 57 to 65 of the Act, providers of housing support are required to provide a free of charge assistance to tenants. Such assistance activities include the help with getting money for staying in housing, dealing with debt that could lead to the loss of housing as well as getting social services enabling tenants to keep housing and to avoid damage to housing.

These measures incentivise landlords to free up the housing for tenants in vulnerable situation and assist tenants to keep the housing, including by fulfilling the obligations towards landlords.

A transitional period may apply, based on appropriate justifications. This transitional period shall start with the publication of the act in the Official Journal and shall be linked to technical or technological constraints.

The Act adopted on 16 June 2025 provided for a transitional period until 1 July 2026 under Section 145 concerning the handling of prospective applicants as set out in Part III of the Act. The authorities justified this period by linking it to technical and technological constraints, notably on the part of

municipalities that are responsible for populating the key register that enables provision of support. Notably, it is accepted that some additional technical time is necessary for the authorisation of providers of housing support (Part VII) and the registration of apartments (Part IV), which are the necessary preconditions for the provision of support measures to the applicants. Given that the handling of prospective applicants is at the heart of the Act on affordable housing, the above requirement is still considered met also because the law will start producing concrete implications in terms of increased affordability of housing for persons that seek housing as of 1 July 2026, still within the timeline of the RRF.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled.

Number and name of the Target: 177 Number of new accredited study programmes

Related Measure: C3.2.R1 Transformation of universities to adapt to new forms of learning and changing needs of the labour market

Quantitative Indicator: Number

Baseline: 0

Target: 35

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of the reform is to initiate and accelerate transformation of universities as regards both the content and forms of learning. This measure consists of accrediting at least 35 new study programmes.

Target 177 requires that at least 35 new study programmes receive accreditation.

Target 177 is the second target of the reform, and it follows the completion of milestone 176, related to the launch of a programme to support transformation of universities.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the target (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	Annex I - list of study programmes	List of 35 new accredited study programmes, including the name of the university, type of accreditation and link provided to the decisions granting new accreditations
3	Annex II –Accreditation decisions	Signed decisions granting accreditation to 35 study programmes. Decisions were signed either by the Director of the National Accreditation Bureau or by the Directors of Internal Accreditation Boards
4	Annex III - Register of higher education institutions (data extracts)	Data extracts from the public register of universities and study programmes highlighting the date of granted accreditations
4	Annex IV– Council meetings of the National accreditation authority for tertiary education	Council meetings of the National Accreditation Bureau for Tertiary Education, where study programmes from reform 3.2.1 that have received accreditation from either the National Accreditation Bureau or Internal Accreditation Boards are highlighted

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the target.

At least 35 new study programmes shall receive accreditation. Furthermore, in line with the description of the measure, this **measure consists of accrediting at least 35 new study programmes.**

Czechia submitted evidence for 55 new accredited study programmes, including a list of the programmes accredited either by the National Accreditation Bureau or by Internal Accreditation Boards (Annex I), signed and dated accreditation decisions for the new study programmes (Annex II), data extracts from the Register of Higher Education Institutions confirming that the accreditations were granted within the RRF timeline (Annex III), and minutes of the National Accreditation Bureau explicitly stating that these programmes are new and that the accreditations are granted for the first time, with the relevant pages indicated in Annex I, column “H” (Annex IV).

The Commission verified that the target of 35 new accredited study programmes has been achieved by cross-checking the list of programmes with the accreditation decisions, the register extracts and the minutes of the National Accreditation Bureau, confirming that 35 new study programmes received accreditation within the RRF timeline.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled.

Number and name of the Target: 216 Training on client-oriented approaches for staff of public authorities

Related Measure: C4.4.R1 Increase efficiency, pro-client orientation and use of the principles of evidence-based decision-making in public administration

Quantitative Indicator: Number of training certificates

Baseline: 0

Target: 1000

Time: Q1 2025

1. Context:

The objective of the measure is to increase efficiency, pro-client orientation and use of the principles of evidence-based decision making in the public administration. The measure consists of actions on human resources management and process automation in public administration.

Target 216 concerns the provision of training on a client-oriented approach for staff of public authorities, with at least 1000 certificates being issued.

Target 216 is the first step of the implementation of the reform. It will be followed by target 215 and target 289, related to the promotion of evidence-informed decision making, improving policy coordination and strategic planning, strengthening HR management, and automating administrative procedures in public administration.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the target (including all constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	Annex 1 – List of staff of public authorities	List of staff of public authorities that received a training certificate on client-oriented approaches.
3	Annex 2 – Training programme	Training programme issued by the Czech Ministry of Interior, detailing the course content and schedule. Not dated.
4	60 certificates for training carried out during the period from 30/05/2024 to 18/02/2025	60 training certificates for the training "Increasing client oriented approach", destined to staff of public administration and signed by the training provider and the Director of the Strategic Development Department and Coordination of Public Administration

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the target.

1000 training certificates for staff of public authorities in client-oriented approach shall be issued. Furthermore, in line with the description of the measure, **the measure consists of actions on human resources management**.

Czechia provided a list of staff from public authorities who received the training entitled "Increasing the client-oriented approach of employees in public administration (*Zvýšení klientsky orientovaného přístupu zaměstnanců ve veřejné správě*)" (Annex 1). The list contains 1038 individuals who work in different public authorities and received the above training. This is demonstrated by participation certificates with a unique reference and the submitted training programme which focused on communication strategies, stress management, and the development of a pro-client corporate culture within public administration institutions (Annex 2).

Following the selection of a random sample of 60 units, Czechia submitted 60 training certificates issued to staff of public authorities completing the client-oriented approach training, dated between 30 May 2024 and 18 February 2025 and signed by the training provider and the Director of the Strategic Development Department and Coordination of Public Administration. The evidence provided for a sample of 60 units confirmed that the requirements of the target have been met. The certificates include references to the certification number, the participant's name and the training programme on the client-oriented approach for staff of public administration.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactory fulfilled.

Number and name of the Target: 227 Funds disbursed

Related Measure: C5.2.I1 Supporting for the introduction of innovation into business practice

Quantitative Indicator: %

Baseline: 0

Target: 90

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of the measure is to support innovation projects by businesses. The projects introduce an innovative product, process or organisational innovation into business practice. The investment consists of support towards innovation projects.

Target 227 requires disbursement of at least 90% of the total budget of EUR 39 000 000.

Target 227 is the only target of this investment, related to supporting the introduction of innovation into business practice.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the target (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	Annex 1: List of projects	An MS Excel file containing a list of 161 contracted projects with the name of beneficiary, its identification number, the project number, the name of the project and the amount of subsidy. For each project, the project objective and the number of innovations (process, organisation or product) are provided.
3	Annex 2: Proof of payments	Payment files for the 161 contracted projects with individual disbursements containing the names of beneficiaries, dates of maturity, dates of payment and the amounts of subsidy disbursed. The payment files were issued by the Ministry of Industry and Trade. The payment files are composed of i. 3 annual payment files with subsidies disbursed from years 2023, 2024 and 2025, and ii. 6 payment files with returns of subsidies in 2023, 2024 and 2025. The returns of subsidies result from the fact that subsidies were paid ex ante and for

		some projects the full amount has not been used in implementation of the project.
4	Annex 3: Grant agreement signed, dated within the RRF timeframe	Grant agreements were requested for a random sample of 60 projects. The document contains the name of beneficiary of the subsidy, the name of its representative, the objective and duration of the contract, the obligations of the beneficiary, costs of the project, the total amount of subsidy and the dates and signatures of the contract of the main beneficiary and the Ministry of Industry and Trade's representative.
5	Annex 4: Calls for proposals, published on 15 June 2022 and 17 April 2023	Calls and call documentation under the programme "The Country for the Future". The call documentation includes the binding instructions for applicants. The calls were issued on 15 June 2022 and on 17 April 2023 by the Ministry of Industry and Trade.

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the target as follows:

At least 90% of the total budget of EUR 39 000 000 shall be disbursed. Furthermore, in line with the description of the measure, **the investment consists of support towards innovation projects.**

The national authorities submitted the list of 161 projects (Annex 1) which shows that EUR 41 012 761 (CZK 1.04 billion, FX: 25.462 CZK/EUR) has been disbursed to projects under this target. This amounts to 105% of the total budget of EUR 39 000 000, thus exceeding the goal of the target by EUR 2 012 761 (5%).

Following the selection of a random sample of 60 units, Czechia submitted proof of payments and signed grant agreements for the 60 selected projects (Annexes 2 and 3). These documents demonstrate the date on which the projects were contracted and the amount of the subsidy per contracted project disbursed in 2023, 2024 and 2025. The evidence provided for a sample of 60 units (Annexes 2 and 3) correspond to the information provided in the overview table of list of projects (Annex 1). More specifically, the sum of individual disbursements per project as stated in the proofs of payments (Annex 2) matches the total disbursed amounts per project in Annex 1. The name of the project, project beneficiary and the number of the contract, as stated in the list of projects (Annex 1), have been verified by the sampled grant agreements. The grant agreements (Annex 3) and the calls for proposals (Annex 4) demonstrate that innovation projects were supported, in line with the description of the measure. The evidence provided for a sample of 60 projects confirmed that the requirement of this target has been met.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled

Number and name of the Target: 291 Funds disbursed

Related Measure: C5.2.I3 Aid for research and development in the field of the environment

Quantitative Indicator: %

Baseline: 0

Target: 90

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of the measure is to support industrial RDI projects submitted by research organisations and enterprises, including collaborative projects, aimed at addressing challenges identified under the "State Environmental Policy of the Czech Republic 2030 with outlook to 2050" and the sectoral strategy of research support. The measure consists of supporting RDI projects in the field of environment.

Target 291 requires disbursement of at least 90% of the total budget of EUR 7 000 000.

This target is the second and last target of the investment, and it follows the completion of target 229, related to research and development in the environmental field.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the target (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	Annex 1 – Project summary	An MS Excel file containing a list of the contracted projects, the dates of start and end of implementation, main beneficiary, other project participants and the amount of subsidy for each year between 2023 and 2025. The tab "Kontrola proplaceni" (payment control/check) contains the project codes and individual disbursements amounts with the dates of disbursement.
3	Annex 2 – Proof of payments: i. List of payments excel file prepared by the Technological Agency of the Czech Republic ii. Bank statements issued by the	i. An MS Excel file containing a list of contracted projects with project codes, names of beneficiaries, issue dates, maturity dates, dates of payment and the disbursed amounts. In Column A of the sheet, there is the name of bank statement file which corresponds to the payment.

	Czech National Bank and dated between 15 May 2023 and 30 April 2025 (12 pdf documents) iii. Annual payment files issued by the Technological Agency of the Czech Republic for 2023, 2024 and 2025, not dated (3 pdf documents)	ii. Bank statements containing the date of payment, disbursed amounts, project codes and names of beneficiaries. iii. Payment files containing the maturity date, date of payment, name of beneficiary, disbursed amount and information of a financial control having taken place.

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the target as follows:

At least 90% of the total budget of EUR 7 000 000 shall be disbursed.

The authorities submitted the project summary (Annex 1) and proof of payments (Annex 2) for 23 research projects in the field of environment, that focus on priority thematic areas as listed in the investment description. Specifically, nine projects focus on the protection and sustainable use of natural resources, six projects on waste management and reuse, four projects focused on climate protection and improvement of air quality, and four projects on protection of nature and landscape or a safe and resilient environment, including prevention and reduction of the consequences of natural and anthropogenic hazards.

The project summary (Annex 1, column L) shows that Czechia disbursed EUR 8 351 679 (198 million CZK, FX = 23.742 CZK/EUR) in total for the support of projects under this measure, which amounts to 119% of the total budget of 7 000 000, thus exceeding the target by EUR 1 351 679.

The years of payment and the individual disbursed amounts to the project beneficiaries, as stated in the proof of payments (Annex 2), correspond to the information provided in the project summary (Annex 1, columns H-J with support disbursed in 2023, 2024 and 2025). The evidence provided for the 23 research projects in the field of environment confirms that the requirement of target 291 has been met.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled

Number and name of the Milestone: 298 Strengthening of strategic intelligence capacities, creation of an excellence programme, and adoption of a methodological guideline for support providers

Related Measure: C5.3.R1 A strategically managed and internationally competitive R & D & I ecosystem

Qualitative Indicator: Adoption of Government Resolutions and Guideline

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of the measure is to steer reform processes in the R&D&I ecosystem in Czechia. The reform consists of a shared activities project on strategic intelligence for R&I, the creation of an excellence programme and adoption of guidelines aiming at the harmonisation of rules for granting public R&D&I support.

Milestone 298 concerns the adoption of a Government Resolution creating a shared activities project on strategic intelligence for research and innovation, a Government Resolution creating a programme supporting the creation and cultivation of systemic conditions for developing excellence, and a methodological guideline aiming at the harmonisation of rules and methodological environment for the provision of support for research, development and innovation across various support providers.

Milestone 298 is the only milestone of this reform, related to strengthening a strategically managed and internationally competitive research, development and innovation ecosystem in Czechia.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the milestone (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled
2	Annex 1– Government resolution of 10 October 2024	This resolution adopted by the Czech government relates to the shared activities project “Strategic intelligence for research and innovation”.
3	Annex 2 – Project outline	Enclosure to resolution adopted by the government of the Czech Republic on 10 October 2024 outlining the shared activities project “Strategic intelligence for research and innovation”
4	Annex 3 – Government resolution of 30 April 2025	This resolution adopted by the Czech government relates to the programme for support of creation and cultivation of systemic conditions for developing excellence
5	Annex 4 – Support programme	Enclosure to resolution adopted by the government of the Czech Republic on 30 April 2025 outlining the programme for support of creation and cultivation of systemic conditions for developing excellence

6	Annex 5 – Minutes from meeting of Government Council	Minutes from 411th meeting of the Council for Research, Development and Innovation on 25 April 2025 approving the Methodological guideline aiming at the harmonisation of methodological environment for the provision of support for research, development and innovation across support providers
7	Annex 6 – Methodological guideline of 25 April 2025 issued by the Council for Research, Development and Innovation	Methodological guideline sets out the rules and methodological environment for the provision of support for research, development and innovation across support providers

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the milestone.

The reform shall include the following actions:

a) Adoption of a Government Resolution creating a shared activities project on strategic intelligence for research and innovation.

As demonstrated by Annexes 1 and 2, the government of Czechia adopted a resolution establishing the shared activities project "Strategic intelligence for research and innovation" on 10 October 2024. The objective of the project is to provide services of strategic intelligence to the public administration and the research organisations for implementing the research, development and innovation policy. The project also meets the demand of public administration and research organisations for independent expert materials, analyses and evaluations regarding strategic management of the research, development and innovation system in Czechia. The project leads to systemic use of the capacities of strategic intelligence for taking informed decisions concerning research, development and innovation support from public funds managed by Czechia.

b) Adoption of a Government Resolution creating a programme supporting the creation and cultivation of systemic conditions for developing excellence. Furthermore, in line with the description of the measure, **the creation of an excellence programme.**

As demonstrated by Annexes 3 and 4, the government of Czechia adopted a resolution creating a programme supporting the creation and cultivation of systemic conditions for developing research excellence on 30 April 2025. The programme will run from 2026 until 2030, and it will be launched by a call for projects in the first quarter of 2026. The programme will support two types of activities. The first type of activities is mandatory for all projects. It consists of creating or strengthening the institutional background to foster excellence in a research organisation. This first type of activity constitutes a strategic-institutional framework for strengthening excellence in research organisations and thus creates the conditions for direct financial support for excellent research, development and innovation projects. The second type of activities focuses on direct financial support to excellent research teams through the internal instruments of research organisations. The objective of the programme is primarily to support research teams from Czechia that are successful in the EU Framework Programmes, including European Partnerships, and other international or national

programmes supporting excellence in research, development and innovation, or PhD students in excellent research teams.

c) Adoption of a methodological guideline aiming at the harmonisation of rules and methodological environment for the provision of support for research, development and innovation across various support providers. Furthermore, in line with the description of the measure, **the harmonisation of rules for granting public R&D&I support.**

As demonstrated by Annexes 5 and 6, the Council for Research, Development and Innovation, an advisory body of the Government of Czechia, adopted a methodological guideline aiming at the harmonisation of rules and methodological environment for the provision of support for research, development and innovation across support providers on 25 April 2025. The objective of the methodological guideline is to harmonise processes and the methodological environment and to define actors that are responsible for such harmonisation. Annexes 9.3 and 9.4 of Annex VI include a timeline of follow-up measures.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactory fulfilled

Number and name of the Milestone: 349 Entry into force of the amended legislation

Related Measure: C7.1.R2 Accelerating deployment of renewables

Qualitative Indicator: Provision in the law indicating the entry into force

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of the measure is to accelerate the permitting process for renewables and to facilitate the deployment of agrophotovoltaic systems. The reform consists of revision of legal framework by setting differentiated, binding maximum deadlines for the different stages of the permitting procedure and by allowing for the installation of agrophotovoltaics.

Milestone 349 requires the entry into force of amended legislation to introduce the possibility to install agrophotovoltaics in Czechia and setting up conditions and technical parameters for their installation and operation.

Milestone 349 is the last step of the implementation of the reform, and it follows the completion of milestone 302 related to the entry into force of the amended legislation to accelerate the permitting process for renewables.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary Document	Summary document duly justifying how the milestone (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled
2	Act No. 183/2024 amending Act No 334/1992 Coll., on the protection of agricultural land fund, as amended, and other related acts	This legal act introduces a definition of agrophotovoltaics, establishing conditions for their operation, and permitting the installation of photovoltaic systems on agricultural land. In accordance with national law, the act was published in the Official Journal on 24 June 2024 and entered into force on 1 July 2024. Article I(point 25) as regards paragraph 4(4) and the second sentence of paragraph 4(5) entered into force on 1 January 2025.
3	Decree No. 425/2024 on Agrivoltaic Electricity Generation	This Decree specifies the types of agricultural crops permitted on agricultural land hosting an agrivoltaic electricity plant and defines the conditions for the implementation and operation of agrivoltaic power generation facilities. In accordance with the national law, the decree was published in the Official Journal on 19 December 2024 and entered into force on 1 January 2025

4	Decree No. 463/2025 amending Decree No. 425/2024 Coll., on Agrivoltaic Electricity Generation	This Decree includes the option of building energy storages on agricultural land with the same conditions as photovoltaics. In accordance with the national law; the decree was published in the Czech Official Journal on 13 November 2025 and entered into force on 1 December 2025.

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the milestone.

Entry into force of amended legislation. Furthermore, in line with the description of the measure, **the reform consists of revision of legal framework by […] allowing for the installation of agrophotovoltaics.**

On 29 May 2024, Czechia adopted Act No. 183/2024 Coll. (evidence 2), amending Act No 334/1992 on the protection of the agricultural land fund. Act No 183/2024 Coll. was published on 24 June 2024 and entered into force on 1 July 2024 (Part Seven, Article X). According to the same article, amendments to paragraph 4 entered into force on 1 January 2025.

On 17 December 2024, Czechia adopted Decree No. 425/2024 Coll. (evidence 3) on Agrivoltaic Electricity Generation. Decree No. 425/2024 was published on 19 December 2024 and entered into force on 1 January 2025 (Paragraph 6).

On 4 November 2025, Czechia adopted Decree No. 463/2025 Coll. (evidence 4) amending Decree No. 425/2024 Coll., on Agrivoltaic Electricity Generation. Decree No. 463/2024 was published on 13 November 2025 and entered into force on 1 December2025 (Article II).

The legislation shall be amended to:
- Introduce a definition of agrophotovoltaics;

Under the new paragraph 8a of Act No. 334/1992 Coll., amended by point 34 of Act No. 183/2024 (evidence 2), the definition of “agrophotovoltaic power plant” was included. Paragraph 8(1) defines agrophotovoltaic as a solar-power facility placed on agricultural land where farming continues according to agricultural law, allowing the dual use of agricultural land for both farming and electricity generation. It must meet specific conditions set out in implementing regulations, including the types of crops that may be combined with the installation.

- Set conditions and technical parameters for their installation and operation, including the types of agricultural crops on which agrophotovoltaics can be installed.

According to the new paragraph 8a of Act No. 334/1992 (evidence 2), agrophotovoltaic installations must comply with conditions laid down in implementing regulations, including rules regarding compatible agricultural crops. In addition, Article 22(3) of Act No. 334/1992 Coll., as amended by Act No. 183/2024 Coll. (point 90), mandates the adoption of a supporting decree that specifies these requirements. Decree No. 425/2024 Coll. (evidence 3) establishes which agricultural crop types may be combined with agrophotovoltaics, and sets the technical and operational conditions for their construction and use. Under Paragraph 2 of this Decree, agrophotovoltaics are permitted on the

following crop types: vineyards, orchards, hop gardens, tree nurseries, and truffle plantations. Decree No. 463/2025 Coll. (evidence 4) subsequently expanded this list to include vegetable production (Point 4).

Paragraph 3 of Decree No. 425/2024 Coll. (evidence 3), as amended by Decree No. 463/2025 Coll., establishes the technical requirements for agrophotovoltaic power plants. For horizontal systems (para. 3(1)), photovoltaic modules must be installed at least 210 cm above the soil surface, allowing agricultural use underneath; at least 95% of the project area must remain agriculturally usable. For vertical systems (para. 3(2)), modules must be arranged in rows alternating with usable farmland; the ratio between row spacing and maximum module height must be at least 3:1, and areas within 50 cm of the module sides or under equipment obstructing agricultural activities are excluded from the usable area. In this case, at least 80% of the site must remain usable for agriculture. Decree No. 463/2025 Coll. (evidence 4) also classifies electricity storage facilities as necessary infrastructure for agrophotovoltaic electricity generation (point 2), and provides that agricultural land located beneath such facilities is not considered an agriculturally usable area (point 13).

Finally, the installation, operation, and removal of all necessary equipment must not result in permanent deterioration of the physical, chemical, or biological properties of agricultural land (para. 4(1) of Decree No. 425/2024 Coll.).

- Allow the placement of photovoltaic systems on agricultural land without the need to remove the land from the Agricultural Land Fund, provided that the concurrent agricultural use and type of agriculture are maintained.

According to the new paragraph 8a(2) of the Act No. 334/1992 amended by the Act No. 183/2024 Coll. (evidence 2), implementing an agrophotovoltaic project requires consent from the agricultural land protection authority, and clarifies that the land remains classified as part of the Agricultural Land Fund. This ensures that agrophotovoltaic installations compliant with the new technical requirements (e.g. most of the project area remains in use for agriculture, it is combined with specific crops, etc.) do not trigger removal from the Agricultural Land Fund. This is meant to make such dual use of land easier, allows to keep the land for agriculture purpose and removes obstacles to the development of agrophotovoltaic installations.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled

Number and name of the Milestone: 320 Calculation tool and methodological guidance prepared

Related Measure: C7.3.R2 Data and methodological guidance for the advisory system

Qualitative Indicator: Calculation tool and methodological guidance

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of the measure is to build capacity for preparing good quality energy efficiency renovation projects. The reform consists of preparing data and methodological guidance for the advisory services on energy renovations, and of conducting trainings for professionals for energy efficiency renovations.

Milestone 320 concerns calculation tools and methodological guidance for the advisory services for households, enterprises, and the public sector. The methodological guidance shall include a module on energy poverty and how to advise vulnerable households.

Milestone 320 is the first step of the implementation of the reform, and it is accompanied by Target 321 in this payment request, related to the number of trained professionals.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the target (including all constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled
2	Annex 1. Needs analysis for the Energy efficiency database, dated 6 June 2025	A report on the needs analysis of the energy efficiency database conducted for the Ministry of Industry and Trade. The report was prepared by CRAFT.CASE CZ s.r.o.
3	Annex 2. Energy-efficient renovations of architecturally and historically valuable buildings, dated December 2024	A methodological guide on how to implement energy efficiency renovations of architecturally and historically valuable buildings. The guide is available online at https://mzp.gov.cz/cz/kontakty-pro-media/publikace/metodicka-prirucka-energeticky-usporne-renovace-architektonicky-a
4	Annex 3. Study comparing the efficiency of heat sources, dated 8 April 2024	Technical study conducted by Doc. Ing. Tomas Matuska and Eng. Jiri Novotny from the Czech Technical University in Prague for the Ministry of Environment.
5	Annex 4. Final report – Together against poverty, dated 12 November 2024	Final output report of a participatory workshop titled “Together against energy poverty” conducted in November 2024 at the Kampus Hybernská (a joint project of Charles University

		and Prague City Hall). The report is available at https://mzp.gov.cz/system/files/2025-07/OFDE-workshop_spolecne_proti_energeticke_chudobe-20241211_0.pdf .
6	Annex 5. Methodology and calculation tool for the Renopass simplified assessment of energy efficiency of residential buildings, dated 25 September 2025	The annex contains: - The draft methodology for the calculation tool (Annex 5a) - The calculation tool available at https://servodata-fas-portal.openshift.ecodef.cz/introduction and screenshots of the tool (Annex 5b) - A mock Renopass passport, which demonstrates the output of the calculation tool (Annex 5c)
7	Annex 6. Database of local building materials for Global Warming Potential (GWP) assessment – LCA calculation tool	A methodology and database of indicators for the Czech construction market that can be used for life cycle assessment (LCA) of buildings. The database includes a web-based calculation tool for simplified LCA of buildings.

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the milestone.

Calculations tools and methodological guidance for the advisory services for households, enterprises, and the public sector shall be prepared. Furthermore, in line with the description of the measure, the reform consists **of preparing data and methodological guidance for advisory services on energy renovations.**

According to the evidence provided (Annexes 1-6), Czechia has prepared and published calculation tools and methodological guidance to be used by energy advisors when providing advisory services to households, enterprises and the public sector. Czechia has prepared the following tools and guidance:

- **Needs analysis for the Energy Efficiency Database (Annex 1)** – The report contains the needs analysis of the IT system that will be the future Energy Efficiency Database. It was written by the Czech consulting firm CRAFT.CASE CZ s.r.o. for the Ministry of Industry and Trade. The report contains an assessment of the currently used database, ENEX, and a needs analysis for how this system must be updated and improved to serve the increasing needs of the energy efficiency advisory system. The topics covered in the analysis include for example the requirements as set out by the latest energy legislation (such as the amended Energy Act), links to other electronic registers (such as citizen identification), the accessibility of the IT system by persons with disabilities, and the different functionalities the IT system must have.
- **Methodological guide for Energy-efficient renovations of architecturally and historically valuable buildings (Annex 2)** – The guide provides advice to public authorities, building owners, designers and other experts on how to implement energy efficiency renovations of architecturally and historically valuable buildings. It covers topics such as legal requirements under the amended energy legislation, the practical application of sustainability elements while preserving the aesthetic and historical characteristics of buildings, and best practice examples.

- **Study comparing the efficiency of heat sources (Annex 3) –** The study compares the efficiency of geothermal heat sources (i.e., heat pumps) with other energy sources (i.e., electric boilers, gas boilers, biomass boilers) from an energy, environmental and economic perspective. The analysis is done separately for family houses and apartment buildings. The study contains an economic assessment, including an analysis of the investment costs and operational costs. The results of the study will be used by the Ministry of Environment to design future subsidy programmes.
- **Final report "Together against poverty" (Annex 4) –** The final report presents the findings of the participatory workshop "Together against poverty" conducted in November 2024 at the Kampus Hybernská. The workshop consisted of four blocks: Block 1 "Energy poverty – What is it and who is at risk?", Block 2 "Advice and how to communicate with those at risk?", Block 3 "Current support and good practice", and Block 4 "Key tools to protect vulnerable households from energy poverty". The workshop was attended by representatives of institutions that develop programmes to help people affected by energy poverty, as well as field workers and organisations working directly with vulnerable people. The final report summarises the ideas communicated by the participants in the workshop, and it also contains several hypothetical stories that illustrate the experiences of people at risk of energy poverty. These stories aim to help readers find themselves better in vulnerable households and better understand their specific situation.
- **Methodology and calculation tool for simplified assessment of energy efficiency of residential buildings (Annex 5)** – The project created and tested a prototype of the calculation tool to be used in the assessment of energy efficiency of residential buildings. The output from using the tool is the *Passport of Building Renovation* (hereinafter referred to as: Renopass), a document which guides households in the renovations needed to improve the energy efficiency of their residence and the order in which these renovations are to be implemented. The methodology was developed by the Czech company Centrum Pasivního Domu. The Commission services conducted an on-the-spot check on 19 January 2026 to verify that the Renopass is available online and functional. This check was completed successfully, confirming that the calculations tool and methodological guidance for the advisory services for households, enterprises, and the public sector is prepared.
- **Database of local building materials for Global Warming Potential (GWP) assessment – LCA calculation tool (Annex 6)** – The project developed a methodology and database of indicators for the Czech construction market that can be used for life cycle assessment (LCA) of buildings. The database includes a web-based calculation tool for simplified LCA of buildings, which will be used for the assessment and evaluation of proposed constructions and/or renovations of buildings and calculating the CO_2 emissions of the new and renovated buildings. The Commission services accessed the link provided by the authorities on 19 January 2026 to verify that the LCA calculation tool is available online and is functional. This check was completed successfully, confirming that the calculations tool and methodological guidance for the advisory services for households, enterprises, and the public sector is prepared.

The methodological guidance shall include a module on energy poverty and how to advise vulnerable households.

Two of the guidance documents contain modules on energy poverty and how to advise vulnerable households:

- **The Final report of the workshop "Together against poverty" (Annex 4)** focuses entirely on the concept of energy poverty, who is at risk, and how to provide advice to vulnerable households. Block 2 "Advice and how to communicate with those at risk?" of the report provides guidance on the main challenges that vulnerable households face and how to address these challenges while providing advice on energy efficiency renovations. For

example, the report sets out a list of considerations that the adviser should have in mind when advising vulnerable households, such as whether the household has the necessary bank accounts or even identity documents needed for application, in addition to the purely technical considerations, such as the type of heating source or roof insulation. Block 3 "Current support and good practice" of the report contains good practice cases from Czechia and other Member States, which provide examples for how to organise advisory services so that they are useful for vulnerable households.

- **The Methodology and calculation tool for simplified assessment of energy efficiency of residential buildings (Annex 5)** contains an annex which describes the specifications on how advice is to be provided to vulnerable households. The annex sets out a range of people who may be at risk of energy poverty and provides a list of considerations that advisers should take into account when providing advice such as analyse the financial situation of the household in addition to the analysis of the technical condition of their residence, provide continuous support beyond the initial analysis, and cooperate with other experts and public services if needed (such as social workers, financial advisors).

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled.

Number and name of the Target: 321 Number of trained professionals

Related Measure: C7.3.R2 Data and methodological guidance for the advisory system

Quantitative Indicator: Number of trained professionals

Baseline: 0

Target: 100

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of the measure is to build capacity for preparing good quality energy efficiency renovation projects. The reform consists of preparing data and methodological guidance for the advisory services, and of conducting trainings for professionals for energy efficiency renovations.

Target 321 concerns trainings for at least 100 professionals for energy efficiency renovations.

Target 321 is the second and last target of the reform, and it is accompanied by milestone 320 in this payment request, related to the preparation of data and methodological guidance.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the target (including all constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled
2	Annex 1. Overview of implemented training activities, not dated	Report describing the focus, methodology, time period, and delivery mode of the training courses. The report was prepared by the State Environment Fund (hereinafter referred to as: "SEF").
3	Annex 2. Anonymised list of 234 training participants, dated 27 October 2025	An MS Excel file containing a list of 234 participants in the two training courses. The list was prepared by the SEF.
4.	Annex 3. Training certificates	Training certificates were requested for a random sample of 60 participants in the training courses. The certificates are issued by the State Environment Fund and contain the name and birthdate of the participant, the name of the training course, the date of completion of the training course, and a unique identification code for the certificate.

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the target.

At least 100 professionals shall be trained for energy efficiency renovations. Furthermore, in line with the description of the measure, **the reform consists of conducting trainings for professionals for energy efficiency renovations.**

Annex 1 demonstrates that the SEF implemented two training courses for entry-level energy professionals. The first training course was organised and delivered by the National Centre for Support of Energy Communities between 3 March and 1 April 2025, and the second course was organised and delivered by the National Network of Local Action Groups of the Czech Republic between 27 March and 20 May 2025. Both courses were designed as blended learning programmes combining online lectures with in-person sessions, totalling 80 hours per participant. They covered topics relevant for energy efficiency renovations such as energy legislation, energy efficiency, energy management, renewable resources, public funding and strategic energy planning.

According to the evidence provided in Annex 2, Czechia has completed trainings for 234 energy professionals. Following the selection of a random sample of 60 units, Czechia submitted training certificates (Annex 3) which demonstrate the name of the training participant and the training course in which they took part. The evidence provided for a sample of 60 units confirmed that this requirement of Target 321 has been met – trainings for 234 professionals for the renovation wave have been completed, thus exceeding the goal of Target 321 by 134 participants.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled

Number and name of the Target: 338 Scale-up of target 119 of Component 2.4

Related Measure: C7.5.I1: Scaled up measure: Aid for purchase of vehicles – zero-emission vehicles for private companies

Quantitative Indicator: Increase in the number

Baseline: 2 900

Target: 5 800

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of the investment is to be a scale up of the existing measure of Component 2.4 (Investment 4) of the same name. The investment consists of increasing the number of zero-emission cars and vans for private companies and self-employed persons.

Target 338 requires that at least 2 900 additional new zero emission vehicles (cars and vans) shall be purchased.

Target 338 is the only target of this investment, related to the purchase of zero-emission vehicles for private companies and the self-employed.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the target (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	Annex 2 – List of supported purchases	The list contains key information such as the business/self-employed persons case application number, business/self-employed persons ID number, type of purchased zero-emission vehicles, and the number of purchased vehicles.
3	Annex 3 – Grant agreement	Grant agreements concluded between the National Development Bank, the managing body, and the beneficiaries were requested for a random sample of 60 units.
4	Annex 4- Technical Registration Document confirming national registration of vehicle	Official registration documents issued by responsible authorities for each vehicle were requested for a random sample of 60 units. These documents identify the owner of the new vehicle, the type of vehicles (based on UNECE typology), its powertrain, and the vehicle registration plate.

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the target.

Purchase of at least 2 900 additional units of zero emission vehicles (cars and vans) for private companies and self-employed persons. Furthermore, in line with the description of the measure, **[T]he investment consists of increasing the number of zero-emission cars and vans for private companies and self-employed persons.**

As detailed in Annex 2, 2 573 beneficiaries have benefitted from the scheme by purchasing zero emissions vehicles. The information about beneficiaries includes the name of the beneficiary, its company identification number, the application number. The beneficiaries have all together purchased 2 954 zero-emission cars and vans, thus exceeding the goal of the target of at least 2 900 additional units of zero-emission cars and vans for private companies and self-employed persons by 54 cars and vans. Most beneficiaries chose to purchase one or two zero-emission cars or vans. As follows from Annex 2, some beneficiaries used the scheme to create small corporate fleets of up to 37 zero-emission cars and vans.

Following the selection of a random sample of 60 units, Czechia submitted signed grant agreements (Annex 3) which demonstrate that the Czech Development Bank provided grants to the beneficiaries that were either private companies or self-employed persons for the purchase of zero-emission cars and vans. These grant agreements are corroborated by the copies of official technical registration documents (Annex 4) for each car purchased, ascertaining the registration of a zero-emission vehicle under a vehicle registration plate by the beneficiary, as set out in the grant agreement. The evidence provided for a sample of 60 units confirmed that the requirement of Target 338 has been met and that Czechia supported purchases of 2 954 cars and vans, thus exceeding the goal of the target of at least 2 900 additional units of zero-emission cars and vans for private companies and self-employed persons by 54 cars and vans.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled.

Number and name of the Milestone: 334 Legislation supporting the uptake of hydrogen

Related Measure: C7.5.R4 Improving the regulatory framework for renewable hydrogen

Qualitative Indicator: Entry into force of legislation

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The objective of the measure is to support the Czech hydrogen economy. The reform consists of updating the Czech Hydrogen Strategy to better respond to current challenges and conditions of the Czech hydrogen economy, and the adoption of legislative measures to reform the regulatory framework for hydrogen.

Milestone 334 requires the entry into force of legislation supporting the uptake of hydrogen.

Milestone 334 is the last step of the implementation of the reform. It was preceded by milestone 333, related to the revision of the Czech Hydrogen Strategy.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the target (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	Evidence 1 - Act No. 207/2023 (LEX RES II) amending Act 458/2000 on Energy Law.	This Act contains provisions that define pure hydrogen and hydrogen natural gas blends. It was adopted on 20 December 2023 and entered into force on 1 January 2024.
3	Evidence 2- Decree No 413/2025 on Gas Metering, amending Decree No 108/2011 on Gas Metering	This Decree No.413/2025 defines the maximum amount of hydrogen allowed in the natural gas grid. It was adopted on 1 October and entered into force on 1 January 2026.
4	Evidence 3- Decree 369/2025 on requirements for connection to the gas grid, amending	This Decree No. 369/2025 was adopted on 16 September 2025 and entered into force on 2 October 2025.
5	Evidence 4 –Decree No. 127/2024, amending Decree No. 345/2002 Coll on metering and mandatory verification of metering devices.	This Decree was adopted on 13 May 2024 and entered into force on 1 July 2024.

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the milestone.

Primary or secondary legislation shall enter into force to

Act No. 207/2023 entered into force of 1 January 2024, as per Article 11(1) (see Evidence no. 1).

Decree No. 413/2025 entered into force on 1 January 2026, as per Article 2 (see Evidence no. 2).

Decree No. 369/2025, entered into force on 2 October 2025, as per Article 2 (see Evidence no. 3).

Decree No. 127/2024 entered into force on 1 July 2024, as per Article 4 (Evidence no. 4,).

As stated above, all primary and secondary legislation have entered into force at the time of the assessment of the payment request and serve the aim to incentivise the production and transportation of hydrogen.

define pure hydrogen and hydrogen natural gas blends as a gas under the Energy Act;

Act No. 469/2023, the so-called Lex Res II, submitted in Evidence no. 1, which amends the Energy Act (Act No. 458/2000), introduces the following definitions: As per Article 1(2)(b)(9), hydrogen and hydrogen natural gas blends are defined as a gas for the purposes of the provisions of the Energy Act and Czech energy legal framework. Specifically, Article 1(2)(b)(9) states that "natural gas, biomethane, synthetic methane, hydrogen, mixtures of those gases and, where appropriate, other types of gases…and that their transport, distribution or storage uses the facilities of the natural gas system" are subject of the Energy Act.

and amend the rules on mandatory verification of gas measuring instruments to cover hydrogen.

As evidenced Evidence no. 4, Decree No. 127/2024 on mandatory verification of gas measuring instruments amends Decree No. 345/2002 to expand and revise the scope of measuring instruments subject to mandatory verification and type approval, including the associated time limits. Furthermore, the annex to the amended Decree 345/2002 contains the list of specified measuring instruments subject to verification or type approval, the validity periods of such verification, and information on whether a verification certificate is issued. The rules for types of gas measuring devices are contained in points 2.1.2-2.1.3, and 2.2 of the revised annex. Based on this Decree 127/2024, new types of gas measuring devices, not included in the previous version of the Decree, were added, particularly designed to also measure hydrogen gas and hydrogen gas mixtures, such as Coriolis mass flow meters, thermal mass flow meters, turbine gas meters.

Furthermore, as explained above, following the revision introduced by Act No. 469/2023 (Energy Act), the Czech legal framework recognises hydrogen and hydrogen blends as a type of gas for the purposes of Czech gas rules. Therefore, taking both the revised Decree No. 345/2002 and the revised Energy Act, all rules on mandatory verification of gas measuring instruments also cover hydrogen as a form of gas.

establish the maximum permissible hydrogen content in the natural gas grid

The Decree No. 413/2025 (Evidence no. 2) contains a new provision under Article 1(23) which amends Annex 5 (paragraph 2) of Decree No. 108/2011 and sets the maximum permissible share of hydrogen of up to 2% in both the transmission and distribution systems without restrictions, while a blend of up to 20% may be transported in the gas distribution system with the agreement of the relevant distributor.

update the requirements for connection to the gas system to include hydrogen; and specify the quality parameters for high purity hydrogen;

Decree No. 413/2025 amends the Annex 5 (paragraph 4) of Decree 108/2011 and sets out the quality parameter for high purity hydrogen, that being 98% mol. Second, Decree No. 369/2025 amends Annex 3 Part B (2)(e) of Decree No. 488/2021 to require hydrogen production facilities to provide technological description of the production of hydrogen. Furthermore, Article 1(28) of Decree No. 369/2025 amends Annex 10(3) of Decree No. 488/2021 to set security and reliability parameters for the connection to the gas grid. Taken together, these amendments set quality and reliability parameters for hydrogen entering gas grids.

Furthermore, in line with the description of the measure, **[t]he reform consists of the adoption of legislative measures to reform the regulatory framework for hydrogen**, as demonstrated in the above analysis**.**

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled.

Number and name of the Milestone: 335 Preferential treatment for registration of fuel distributors authorized to sell hydrogen.

Related Measure: C7.5.R4 Enabling conditions for zero-emission alternative fuels infrastructure

Qualitative Indicator: Entry into force of legislative amendments

Time: Q2 2025

1. Context:

The reform aims to simplify and ease the construction, permitting process, and operation of recharging points and hydrogen refuelling infrastructure. The reform consists of the adoption of measures supporting the rollout of recharging points and hydrogen refuelling infrastructure.

Milestone 335 requires the entry into force of amendments to benefit hydrogen refuelling stations over conventional fuel stations by granting them a waiver from fuel distributors' deposit upon registration.

Milestone 335 is the first step of the implementation of the reform. It will be followed by milestone 336, related to supporting the rollout of electric charging stations and hydrogen refuelling stations.

2. Evidence provided:

	Name of the evidence	Short description
1	Summary document	Summary document duly justifying how the milestone (including all the constitutive elements) was satisfactorily fulfilled.
2	Annex 1 – Act No. 87/2025 Coll., on the Conditions for Business and the Exercise of State Administration in the Energy Sectors and on Amendments to Certain Laws (the Energy Act)	This Act was published in the Official Journal on 31 March 2025 and it entered into force on 1 August 2025. It amends Act No. 311/2006 Coll. on Fuel and Fuel Filling Stations.

3. Analysis:

The justification and substantiating evidence provided by the Czech authorities cover all constitutive elements of the milestone.

Entry into force of amendments to benefit hydrogen refuelling stations over conventional fuel stations by granting them a waiver from fuel distributors' deposit upon registration.

The Act No. 87/2025 Coll., on the Conditions for Business and the Exercise of State Administration in the Energy Sectors and on Amendments to Certain Laws (Annex 1) was published in the Official Journal on 31 March 2025 and it entered into force on 1 August 2025 (Annex 1, Part 13, Article 17).

Act No. 87/2025 amends Act No. 311/2006 in order to exempt fuel distributors who sell or are authorised to sell only hydrogen from the obligation to provide the deposit required under previous legislation. This is demonstrated by Annex 1, Part 6, Article 9, point 2 amending Section 6i of Act No 311. All fuel distributors had to provide a deposit of CZK 20 000 000 as part of the registration procedure with the customs office under previous Act No. 311/2006.

4. Commission Preliminary Assessment: Satisfactorily fulfilled.